

Quantitative Systems Modeling for Participatory Watershed Management and Decision Making in the Coeur d'Alene Basin



(<http://www.coeurdalene.org/discover-cda/photo-gallery>)

Jason Stewart Walters, P.E.
Jae Hyeon Ryu, Ph.D., P.E.
Jan Boll, Ph.D., P.E.

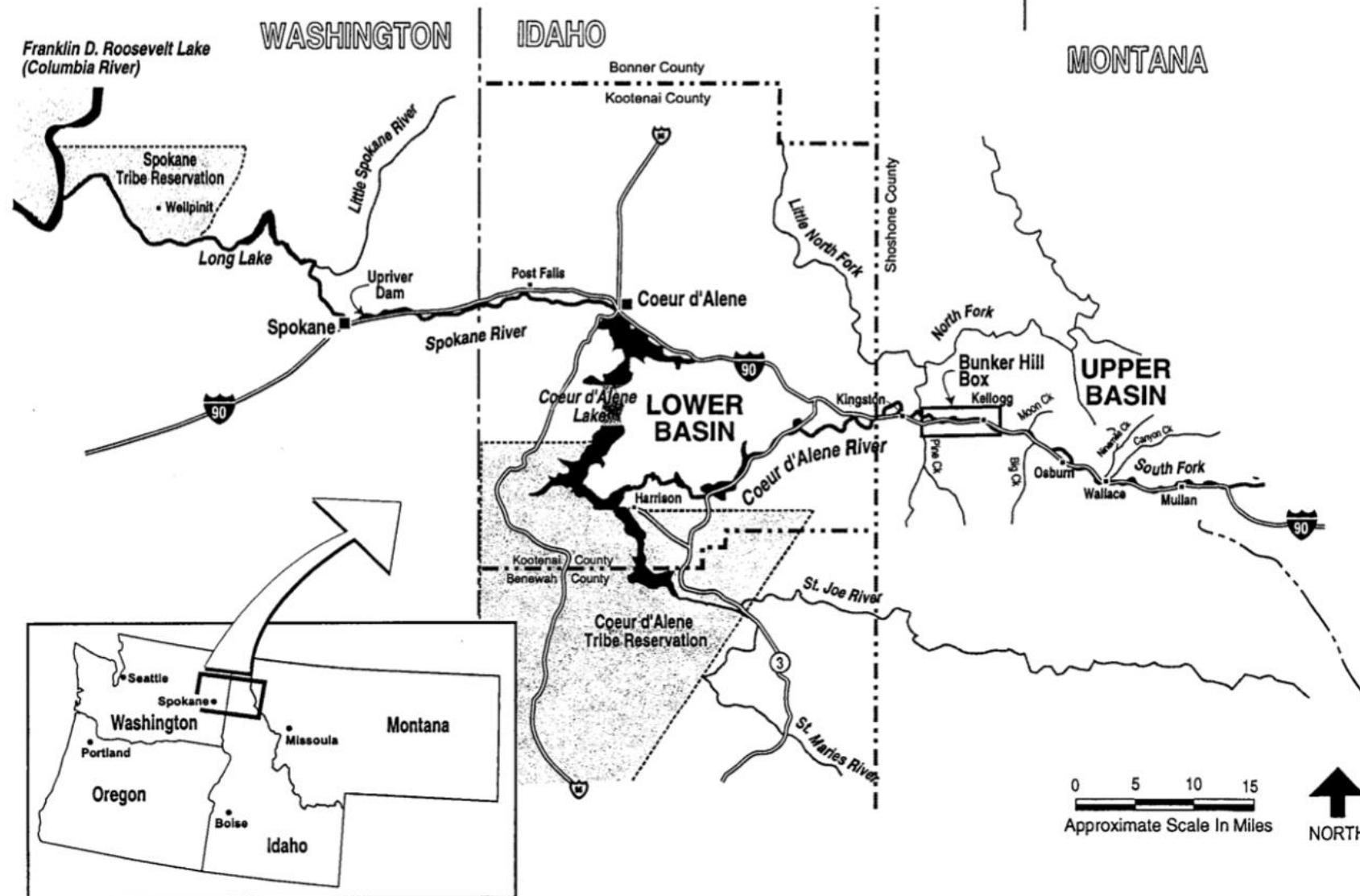


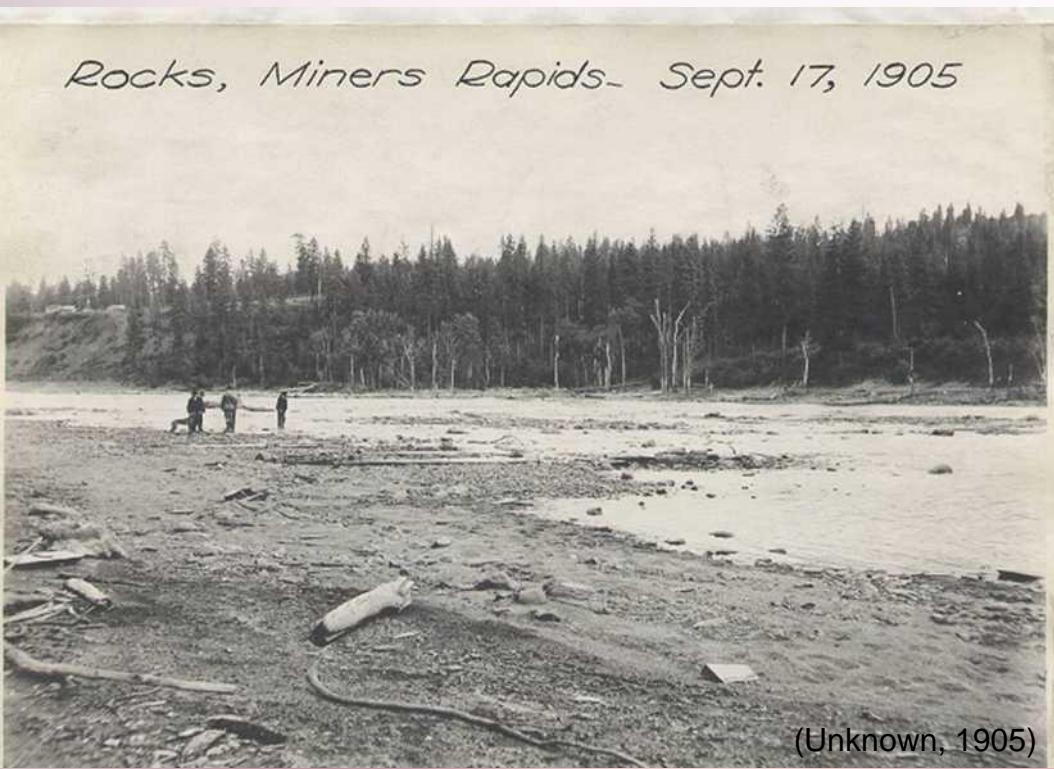
Figure 1.0-1
Basin Study Area

Dec. 1904.



(Unknown, 1904)

Rocks, Miners Rapids- Sept. 17, 1905



(Unknown, 1905)



Figure 1. Coeur d'Alene Tribe



Figure 2. Silver Valley Mining & the Effects of Flooding

(IDEQ/CDA Tribe, 2009)



(<http://www.cdaresort.com/discover/resort/gallery>)



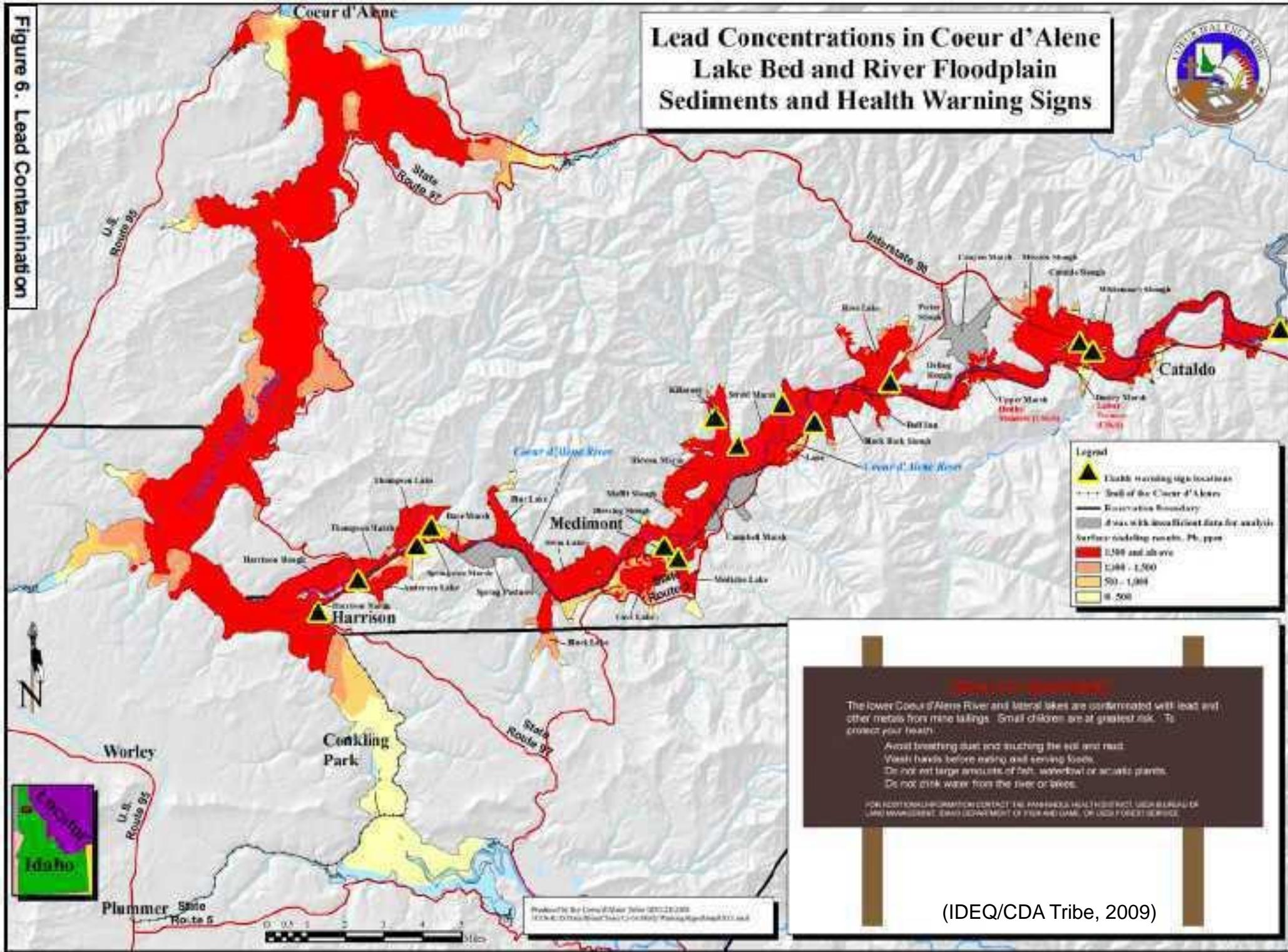
(<http://www.cdaresort.com/discover/resort/gallery>)

Population	1990	2000	% Increase 1990-2000	2006	% Increase 2000-2006
Coeur d'Alene	24,561	34,527	40.5%	41,328	19.8%
Hayden	4,888	9,167	87.4%	12,349	35.6%
Post Falls	7,349	17,333	135%	24,515	41.5%
Kootenai County	69,795	108,685	55.7%	131,507	21%
State of Idaho	1,006,749	1,293,953	28.5%	1,467,465	13.3%
United States	248,765,170	273,643,273	13.1%	299,389,484	9.4%

Idaho was the fifth fastest growing state in the 1990s, and Kootenai County was the third fastest growing county in Idaho. Source: U.S. Census Bureau

(IDEQ/CDA Tribe, 2009)

Figure 6. Lead Contamination



Surface area =	31,875 acres
Lake volume =	2.3 million ac-ft
Max depth =	64 m
Mean depth =	22 m
Mean hydraulic residence =	0.5 years
Watershed area =	2.4 million acres
Shoreline length =	150 miles

(IDEQ/CDA Tribe, 2009)

Table 2-1
Preliminary Estimate of Mill Tailings Produced in the Coeur d'Alene Mining Region

Disposal Method ^a	Dates	Tailings (tons)	Metals Contained in Tailings (tons)		
			Silver	Lead	Zinc
To creeks	1884-1967	61,900,000	2,400	880,000	>720,000
To dumps	1901-1942	14,600,000	400	220,000	>320,000
Mine backfill	1949-1997	18,000,000	200	39,000	22,000
To impoundments	1928-1997	26,200,000	300	109,000	180,000
Total	1884-1997	120,700,000	3,300	1,248,000	>1,242,000

a. Long (1998) defines dumps as unsecured stockpiles of tailings. Impoundments are secured by dams or other structures. Many impoundments were built over and from older tailings dumps.

Source: Long, 1998.

(LeJeune et al, 2000)

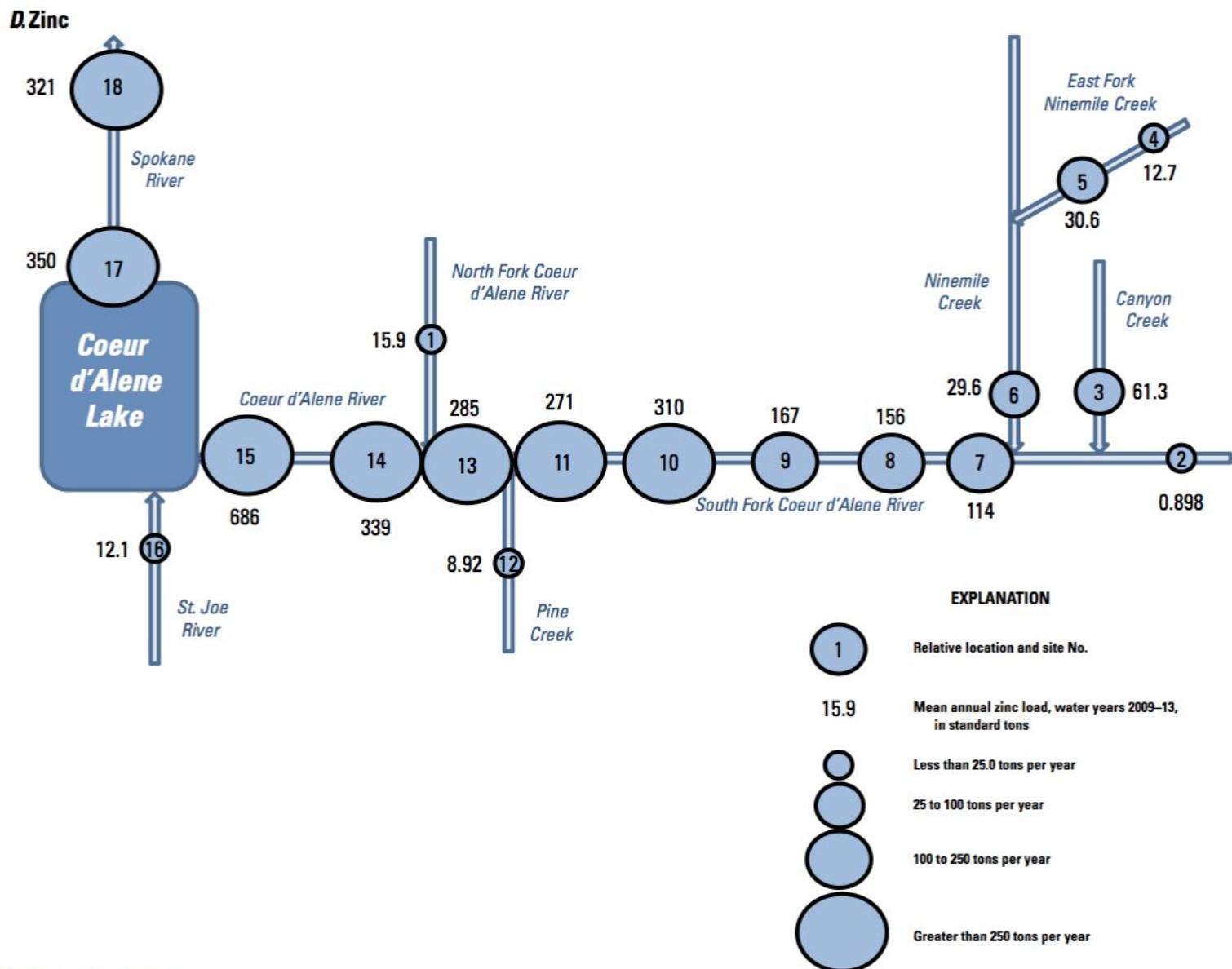
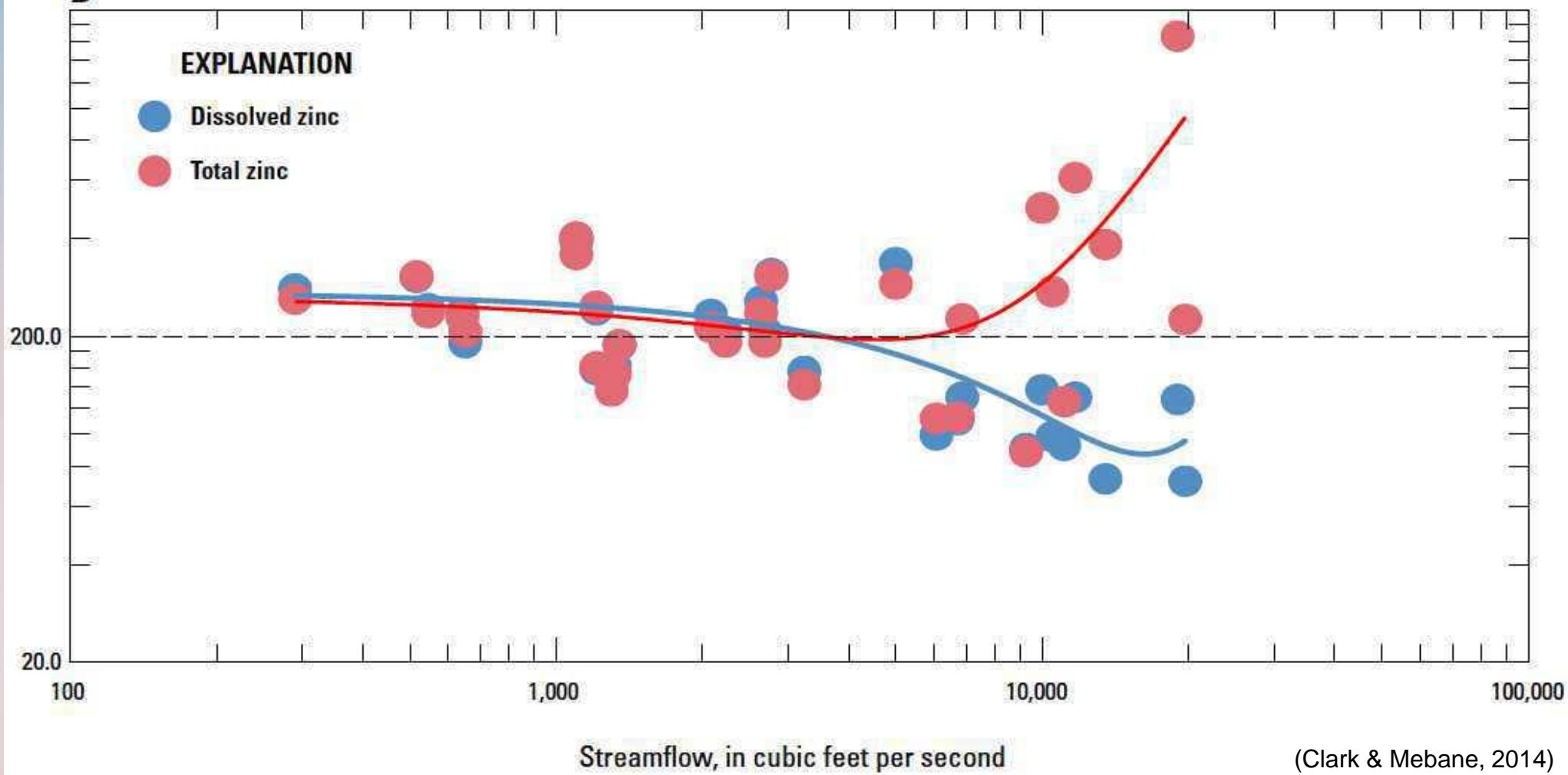
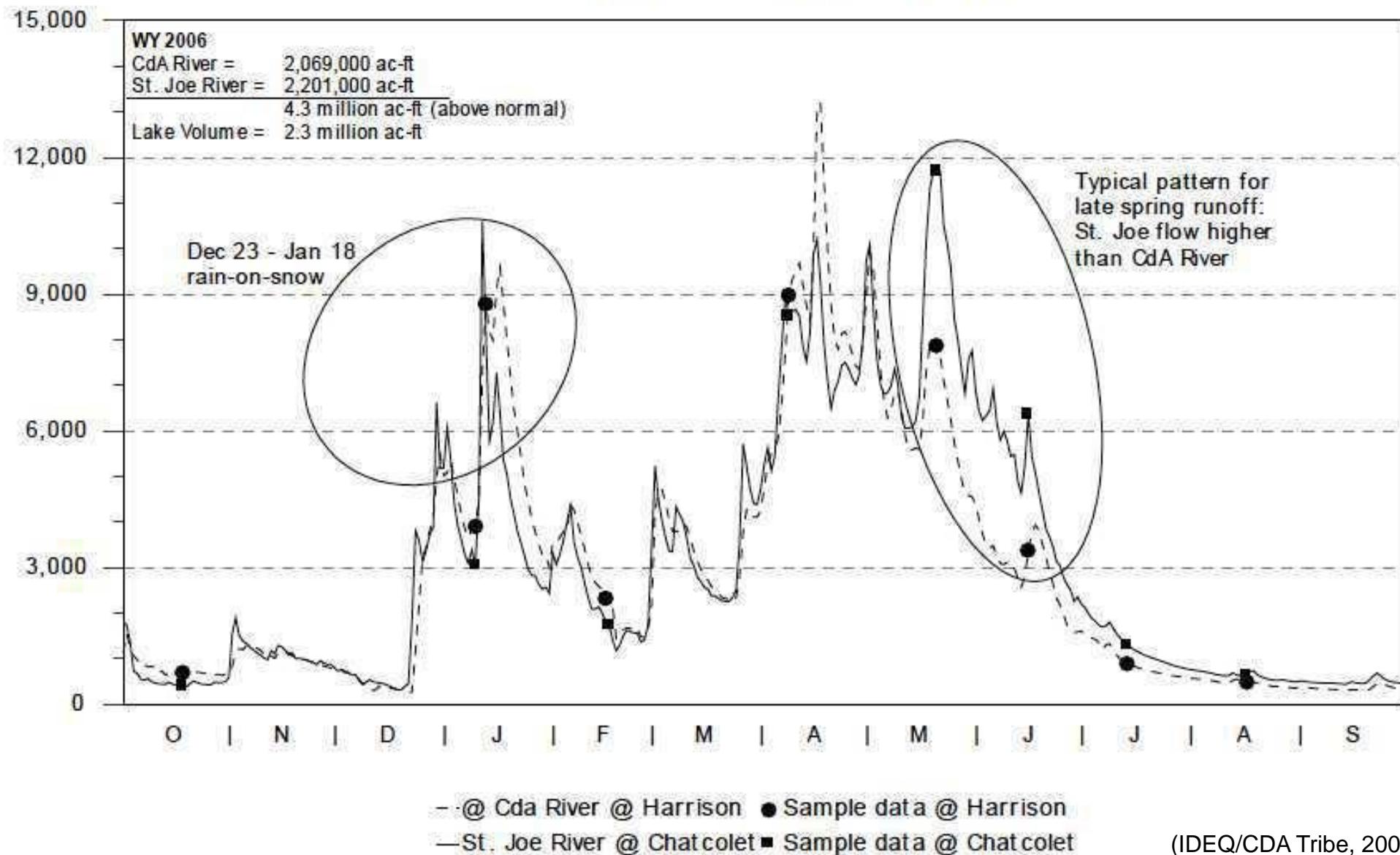


Figure 8.—Continued

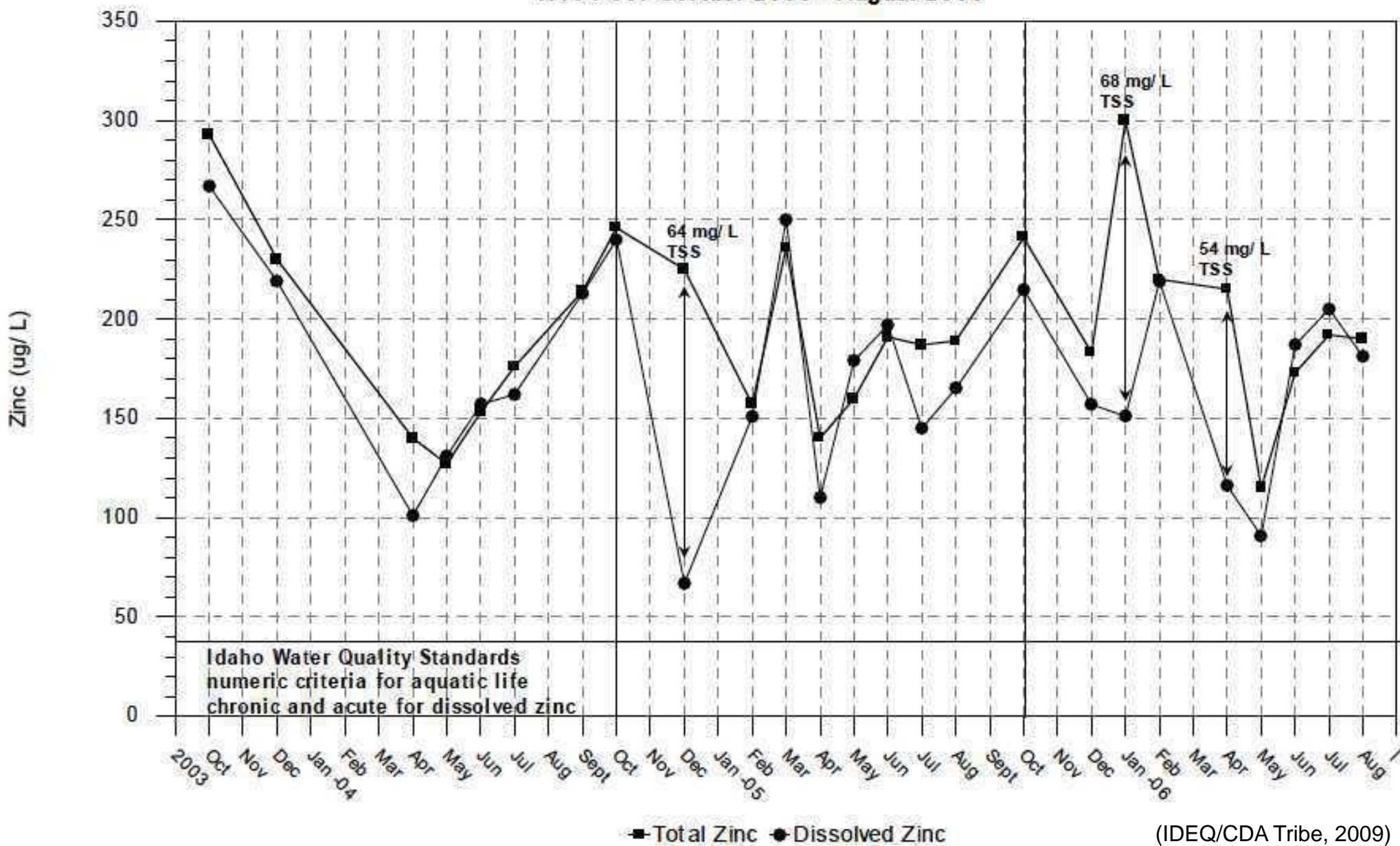
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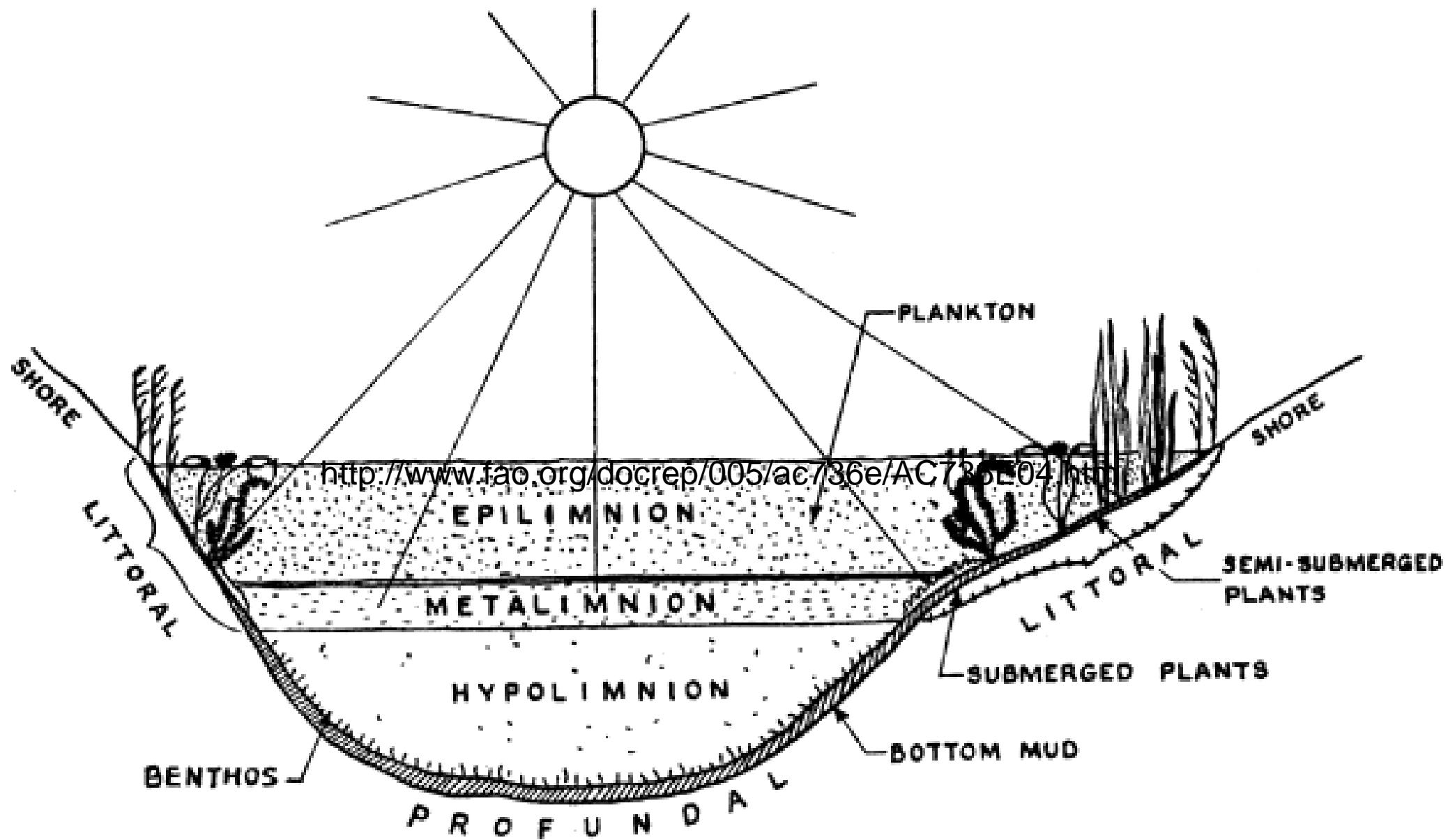
USGS Riverine Monitoring (BEMP)
Mean Daily Flow of CdA River @ Harrison & St. Joe River @ Chatcolet
WY 2006: October 2005 - September 2006

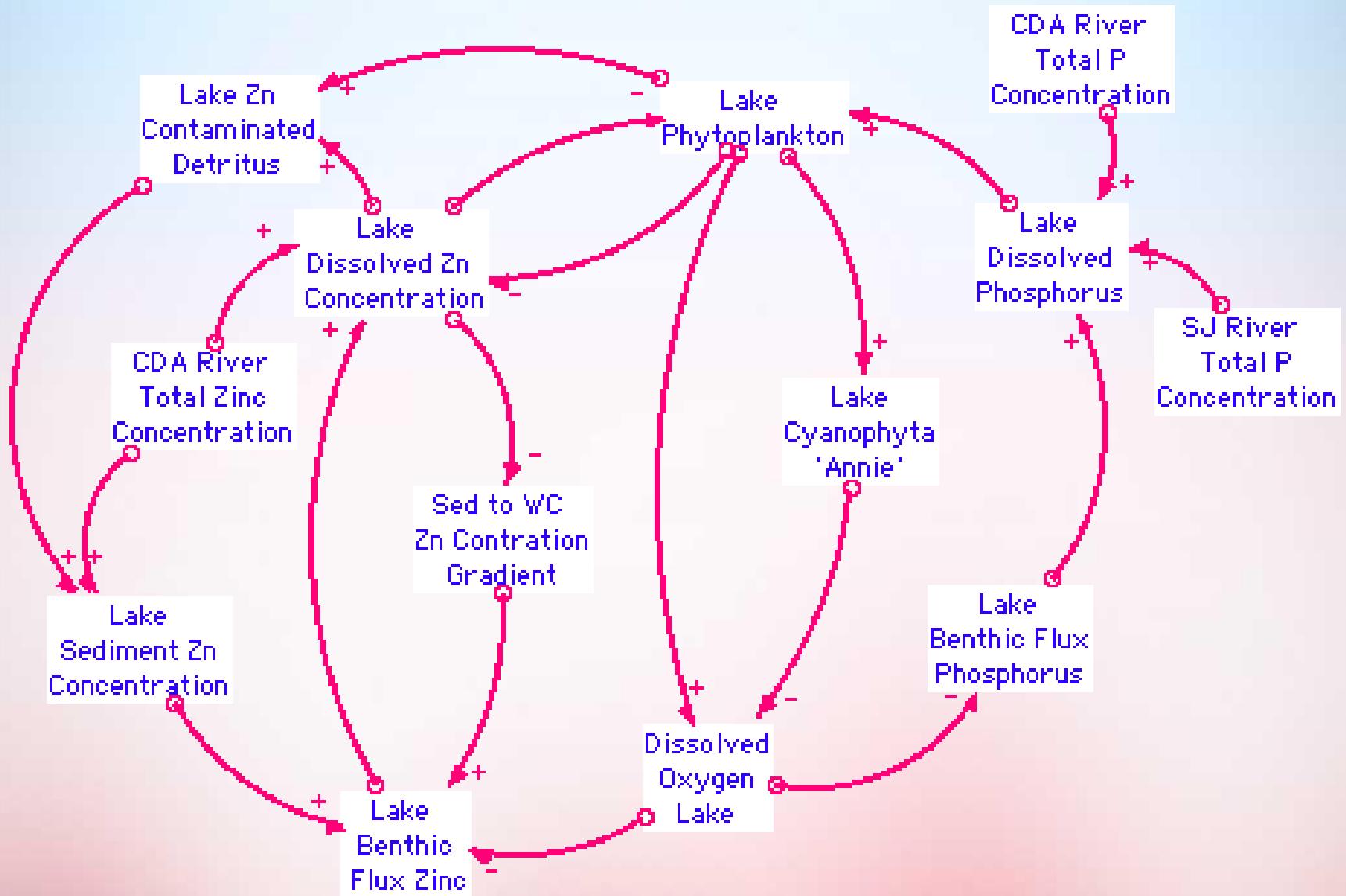


(IDEQ/CDA Tribe, 2009)

USGS Riverine Monitoring (BEMP)
Total and Dissolved Zinc Concentrations from CdA River @ Harrison
WY04-06: October 2003 - August 2006

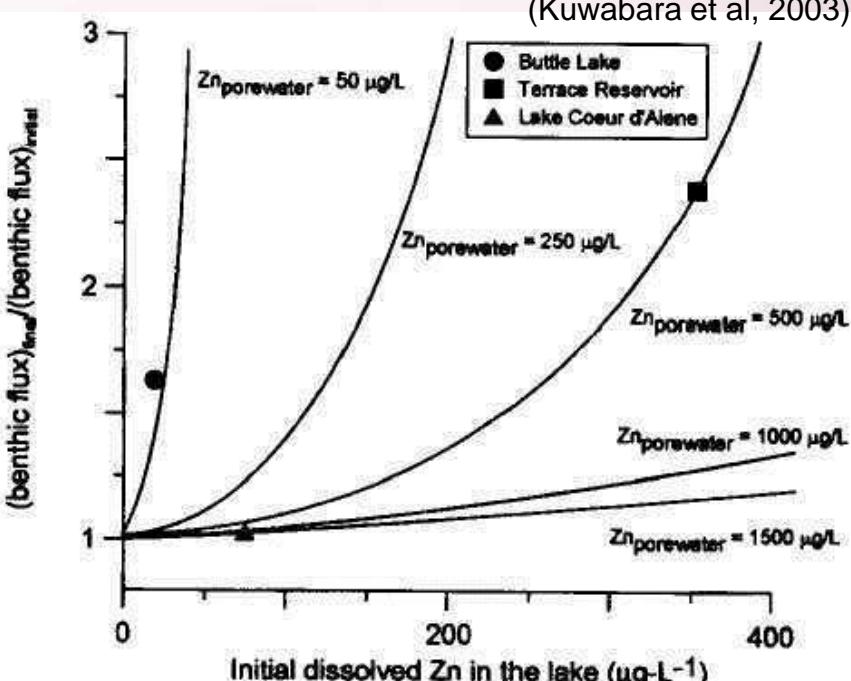


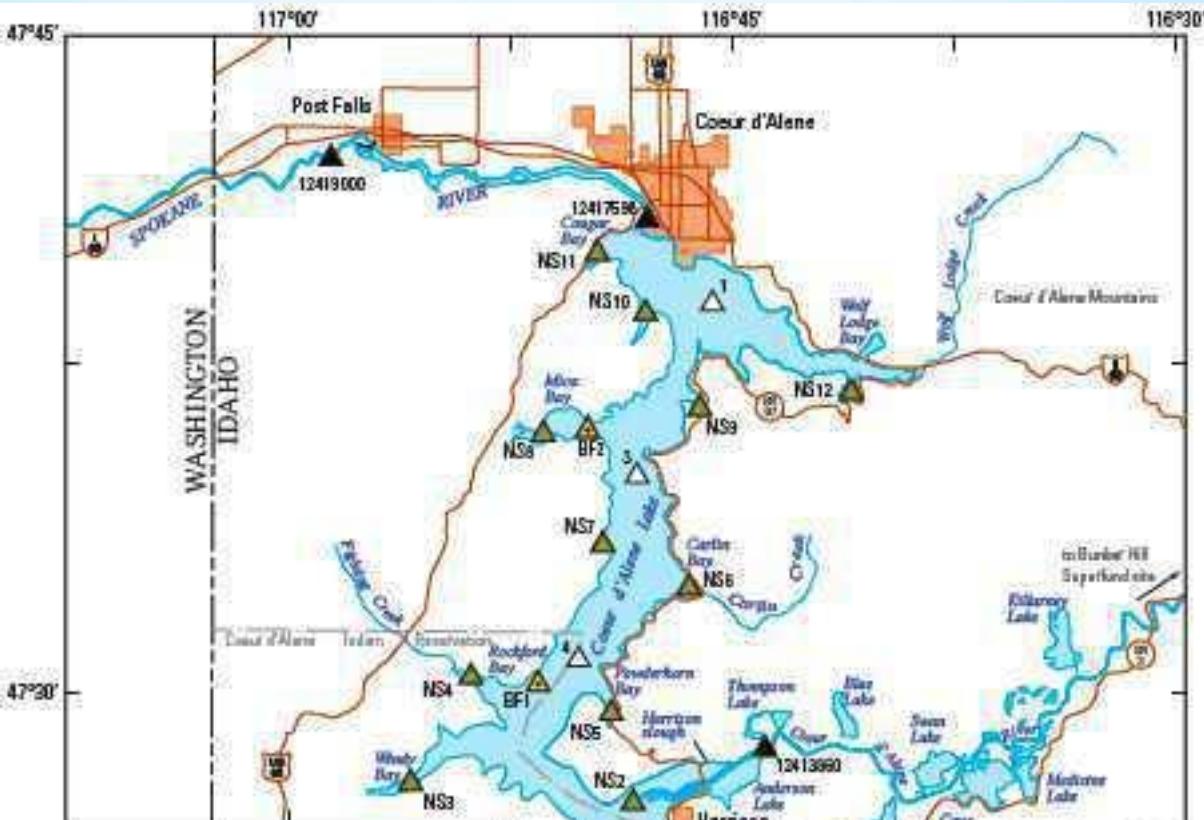




Source	Zn flux (tonnes/km ² /yr)	Orthophosphate flux (tonnes/km ² /yr)
Benthic Flux		
Mica Bay	3.5 ± 1.5	0.20 ± 0.20
Main Channel	2.8 ± 0.8	0.07 ± 0.02
Diffusive estimate	1.3 ± 0.3	— ^b
Coeur d'Alene River	5.3	0.09
St. Joe River	0.04	0.09
		(Kuwabara et al, 2003)

Constituent and units	Sample type	Median	Range		n
			Maximum	Minimum	
No significant difference between SWI and LH					
Dissolved inorganic nitrogen	LH	86	200	36	22
	SWI	92	220	28	22
SWI significantly greater than LH					
Total phosphorus	LH	7.5	41	3.0	22
	SWI	26	49	6.0	22
Dissolved organic carbon, mg/L	LH	1.3	1.5	1.2	12
	SWI	1.6	3.3	1.2	12
Total cadmium	LH	.32	.48	.22	22
	SWI	.85	1.6	.31	22
Total zinc	LH	76	110	66	22
	SWI	140	340	77	22
Total iron	LH	54	310	19	22
	SWI	630	1,600	58	22
Total lead	LH	1.8	17	.54	22
	SWI	35	120	2.5	22
Total manganese (Wood & Beckwith, 2008)	LH	5.9	40	2.5	22
	SWI	160	830	6.6	22





EXPLANATION

▲ Streamflow-gaging station

- 12413800 Coeur d'Alene River near Harrison
- 12415075 St. Joe River at St. Maries
- 12415140 St. Joe River near Chattolet
- 12417500 Spokane River at Lake Outlet at Coeur d'Alene
- 12419000 Spokane River near Post Falls

▲ Littoral station, north 2004–06 study

- NS1 Shingle Bay
- NS2 Mouth Coeur d'Alene River
- NS3 Windy Bay
- NS4 Rockford Bay
- NS5 Powderhorn Bay
- NS6 Carlin Bay
- NS7 Loft Bay
- NS8 Mico Bay
- NS9 Echo Bay
- NS10 Kid Island Bay
- NS11 Cougar Bay
- NS12 Beauty Bay

▲ Benthic flux station

- BF1 Main Channel
- BF2 Mico Bay

▲ Littoral station, south 2004–06 study

- S1 Caley Bay
- S2 O'Gara Bay
- S3 Cal's Pond Area
- S4 Dean's Wetland Area
- S5 East Causeway Bend
- S6 East Causeway

▲ Pelagic station

- 1 Tubbs Hill
- 3 Driftwood Point
- 4 University Point
- 5 Blue Point
- 6 Chattolet Lake



Base from U.S. Geological Survey digital data, 1:24,000 quadrangles, 1981.
Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) projection, Zone 11

0 5 10 15 MILES
0 5 10 15 KILOMETERS

(IDEQ/CDA Tribe, 2009)

2004

(Kuwabara, 2007)

Site 1

Location: $47^{\circ} 23.391' \text{N}$ $116^{\circ} 45.256' \text{W}$

Depth (m)	Zn (nM)	95% Conf. Interval	DOC (μM)	95% Conf. Interval
2.0	< 3		136.4	2.3

Site 6

Site 2

Location: $47^{\circ} 25.161' \text{N}$ $116^{\circ} 45.400' \text{W}$

Depth (m)	Zn (nM)	95% Conf. Interval	DOC (μM)	95% Conf. Interval
2.0	254	1	124.3	0.2
8.5	515	1	146.7	3.1
15.0	513	3	144.3	6.8

Site 5

2005

Site 2

Location: $47^{\circ} 25.161' \text{N}$ $116^{\circ} 45.400' \text{W}$

Site 5

Depth (m)	Zn (nM)	95% Conf. Interval	DOC (μM)	95% Conf. Interval
2.0	94	0	116.8	1.0
10.0	379	4	128.3	4.1
16.0	702	3	137.8	0.3

Site 6

Site 5

Sampling Site Number		1		1		1		2		2		2	
Replicate		A	A	B	B	C	C	A	A	B	B	C	C
		Density Biovolume		Density Biovolume		Density Biovolume		Density Biovolume		Density Biovolume		Density Biovolume	
CYANOPHYTA	Acronym (Use in Fig. 2)												
<i>Anabaena flos-aquae</i>	Anabflos	632	74485	1019	120074	587	69184						
<i>Anabaena spiroides</i> var. <i>crassa</i>	Anabspir	32	7916	30	11385	37	14055						
<i>Aphanthece minutissima</i>	Aphaminu	12590	8813	5212	3648	7869	5508	439	307	516	361	1548	1084
<i>Dactylococcopsis</i> sp.	Dactsp.	14	149	32	347	36	396	14	122	5	41	5	41
<i>Pseudanabaena limnetica</i>	Pseulimn	0	0	29	445	0	0						
<i>Synechococcus capitatus</i>	Synecapi							12642	99872	6966	55031	6992	55237
<i>Woronichinia klingae</i>	Woroklin							0	0	180	2556	0	0
BACILLARIOPHYTA													
<i>Asterionella formosa</i>	A. formosa	8	1738	12	2728	5	990	757	413831	912	498718	964	526977
<i>Aulacoseira granulata</i> var. <i>angustissima</i>	Aulagran	0	0	0	0	7	4005	34	13300	23	11927	1	742
<i>Aulacoseira italica</i> var. <i>tenuissima</i>	Aulaital	61	31628	28	9110	25	13005						
<i>Aulacoseira</i> sp.	Aulasp.	0	0	5	793	3	599						
<i>Aulacoseira subarctica</i>	Aulasuba	0	0	10	18300	0	0	4	4524	0	0	0	0
<i>Fragilaria crotonensis</i>	Fragcrot	0	0	45	47250	0	0	25	24180	61	59280	16	15405
<i>Nitzschia draveillensis</i>	Nitzdrav	5	352	5	352	5	352	0	0	0	0	2	276
<i>Nitzschia</i> sp.	Nitzsp.							1	120	0	0	0	0
<i>Stephanodiscus agassizensis</i>	Stepagas	36	14137	5	2368	9	4736	1	126	0	0	5	866
<i>Synedra rumpens</i> var. <i>fragilaroides</i>	Synerump							9	2430	8	2133	8	2466
<i>Synedra ulna</i> var. <i>chaseana</i>	Syneulna							0	0	1	4964	0	0
<i>Synedra ulna</i> var. <i>ulna</i>	Syneulna	1	1762	0	0	0	0						
<i>Tabellaria fenestrata</i>	Tabetene							0	0	5	7776	0	0
<i>Urosolenia eriensis</i>	Uoserie	32	11907	18	6804	18	6804	14	15506	14	15506	14	15506
CHLOROPHYTA													
<i>Ankyra judayi</i>	Ankyjuda	5	175	1	45	0	0						
<i>Chlamydomonas</i> sp.	Chlasp.	155	650	27	113	26	108	5	19	5	19	9	38
<i>Chlorella minutissima</i>	C. minutissima	1548	6502	1548	6502	1419	5960	258	1084	258	1084	258	1084
<i>Choricystis minor</i>	Chormino	568	908	310	495	258	413	1187	1068	516	464	387	348
<i>Crucigenia tetrapedia</i>	Cructetr	9	273	18	371	5	93	0	0	18	545	0	0
<i>Crucigeniella apiculata</i>	Crucapic	108	3272	18	731	36	1091	18	425	0	0	0	0
<i>Dictyosphaerium pulchellum</i>	Dictpulc							0	0	7	769	0	0
<i>Euastrum boldtii</i>	Euasbold	5	2539	0	0	1	624	0	0	0	0	1	621
<i>Kirchneriella irregularis</i>	Kircirre	18	151	0	0	5	38						
<i>Koliella</i> sp.	Kolisp.	1	83	0	0	0	0						
<i>Monoraphidium minutum</i>	Monominu	0	0	1	100	0	0						
<i>Pediastrum tetras</i>	Peditetr							4	472	0	0	0	0
<i>Pseudodictyosphaerium</i> sp.	Pseusp.	243	1021	414	1739	243	1021	0	0	0	0	72	302
<i>Raphidocelis microscopica</i>	Raphmicr	23	68	23	68	41	122						
<i>Scenedesmus arcuatus</i>	Scenarcu	0	0	5	327	0	0						
<i>Scenedesmus communis</i>	Scencomm					9	339						
<i>Scenedesmus ecornis</i>	Scenecor	18	189	0	0	0	0	9	198	0	0	0	0
<i>Scenedesmus intermedius</i>	Sceninte	0	0	0	0	3	89	5	170	0	0	0	0

(Kuwabara, 2007)

Test organism: *Chlorella minutissima*

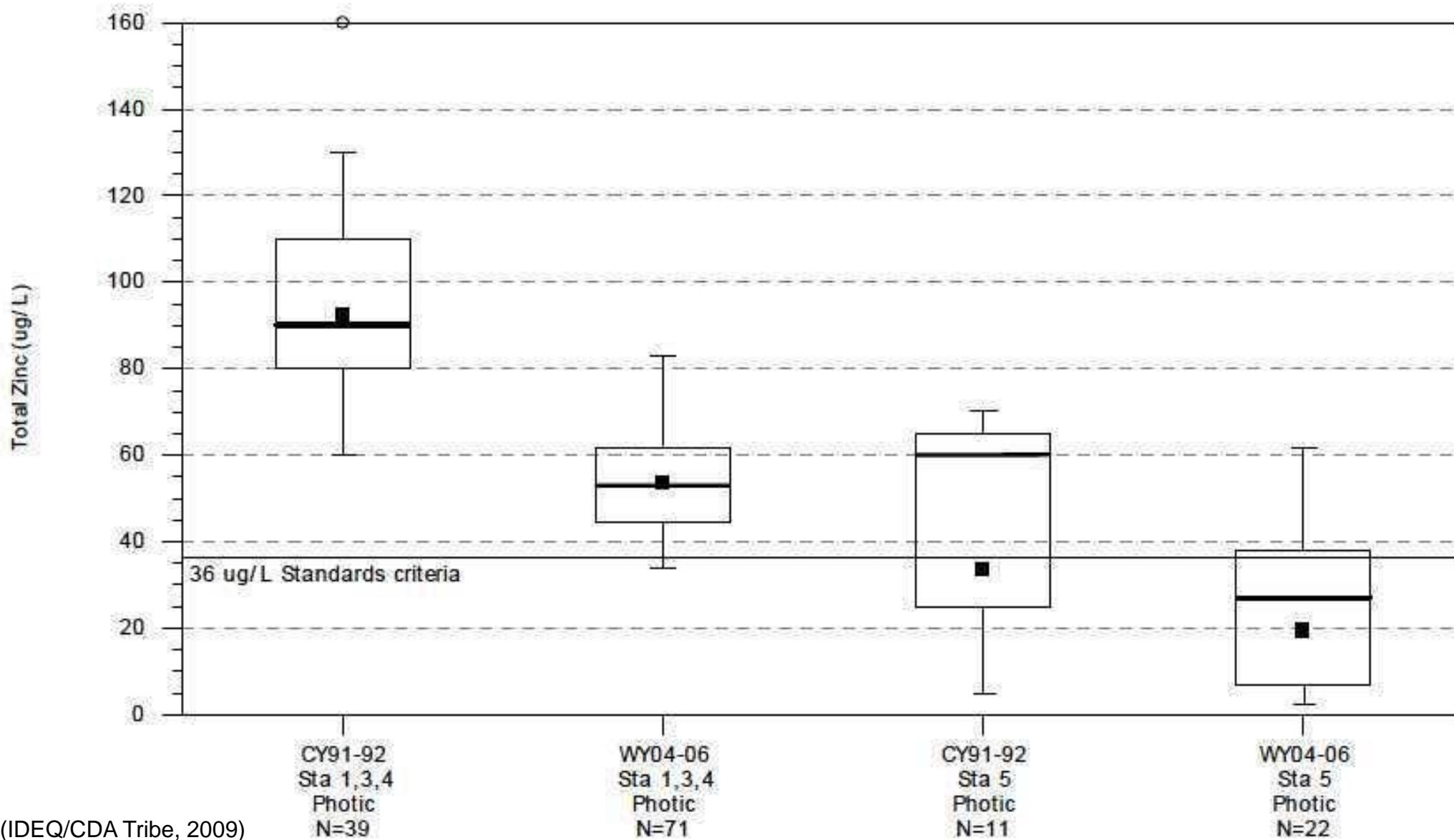
Ortho-P	Zinc	Basis	Growth Rate (d ⁻¹)		Lag time (d)	r^2	Log Cell Yield ($\mu\text{m}^3\text{-mL}^{-1}$)	
			± CI	± CI			± CI	± CI
Basal	Basal	Cell Conc.	1.02	0.03	0.02	0.99	6.48	0.09
		Biovolume	0.99	0.04	0.50	0.98		
Mid	Basal	Cell Conc.	1.27	0.02	0.09	1.00	6.83	0.03
		Biovolume	1.08	0.03	0.33	0.99		
High	Basal	Cell Conc.	1.00	0.05	0.00	0.96	6.93	0.19
		Biovolume	0.84	0.03	0.34	0.98		
Basal	Mid	Cell Conc.	0.15	0.02	1.77	0.87	5.62	0.23
		Biovolume	0.12	0.01	1.98	0.76		
Mid	Mid	Cell Conc.	0.64	0.02	1.45	0.99	6.40	0.03
		Biovolume	0.50	0.02	1.43	0.98		
High	Mid	Cell Conc.	0.69	0.02	1.05	0.98	6.70	0.33
		Biovolume	0.52	0.02	1.12	0.97		
Basal	High	Cell Conc.	0.00	0.02	> 6	0.01	5.28	0.16
		Biovolume	0.01	0.03	> 6	0.00		
Mid	High	Cell Conc.	0.00	0.02	> 6	0.00	5.41	0.25
		Biovolume	0.01	0.03	> 6	0.01		
High	High	Cell Conc.	0.02	0.01	> 6	0.16	5.40	0.07
		Biovolume	0.00	0.02	> 6	0.00		

Test organism: *Asterionella formosa*

(Kuwabara, 2007)

Ortho-P	Zinc	Basis	Growth Rate (d ⁻¹)		Lag time (d)	r^2	Log Cell Yield ($\mu\text{m}^3\text{-mL}^{-1}$)	
			± CI	± CI			± CI	± CI
Basal	Basal	Cell Conc.	0.53	0.04	0.00	0.96	6.57	0.03
		Biovolume	0.56	0.02	0.12	0.99		
Mid	Basal	Cell Conc.	0.88	0.03	0.00	0.99	6.85	0.16
		Biovolume	0.73	0.03	0.00	0.98		
High	Basal	Cell Conc.	0.69	0.06	0.00	0.91	6.95	0.13
		Biovolume	0.82	0.03	0.00	0.98		
Basal	Mid	Cell Conc.	0.37	0.03	1.91	0.95	6.46	0.09
		Biovolume	0.30	0.04	0.39	0.84		
Mid	Mid	Cell Conc.	0.54	0.03	1.15	0.97	6.77	0.14
		Biovolume	0.72	0.05	1.42	0.95		
High	Mid	Cell Conc.	0.56	0.04	1.29	0.95	6.81	0.07
		Biovolume	0.59	0.03	1.23	0.96		
Basal	High	Cell Conc.	0.26	0.03	1.75	0.89	6.46	0.11
		Biovolume	0.37	0.03	1.62	0.93		
Mid	High	Cell Conc.	0.51	0.06	0.82	0.90	6.48	0.12
		Biovolume	0.59	0.10	0.57	0.84		
High	High	Cell Conc.	0.59	0.02	0.82	0.98	6.71	0.18
		Biovolume	0.61	0.03	0.95	0.97		

USGS Total Zinc Sampling - Photic Zone
Stations: Tubbs Hill, Driftwood Point, University Point (Sta 1,3,4),
and Blue Point (Sta 5)



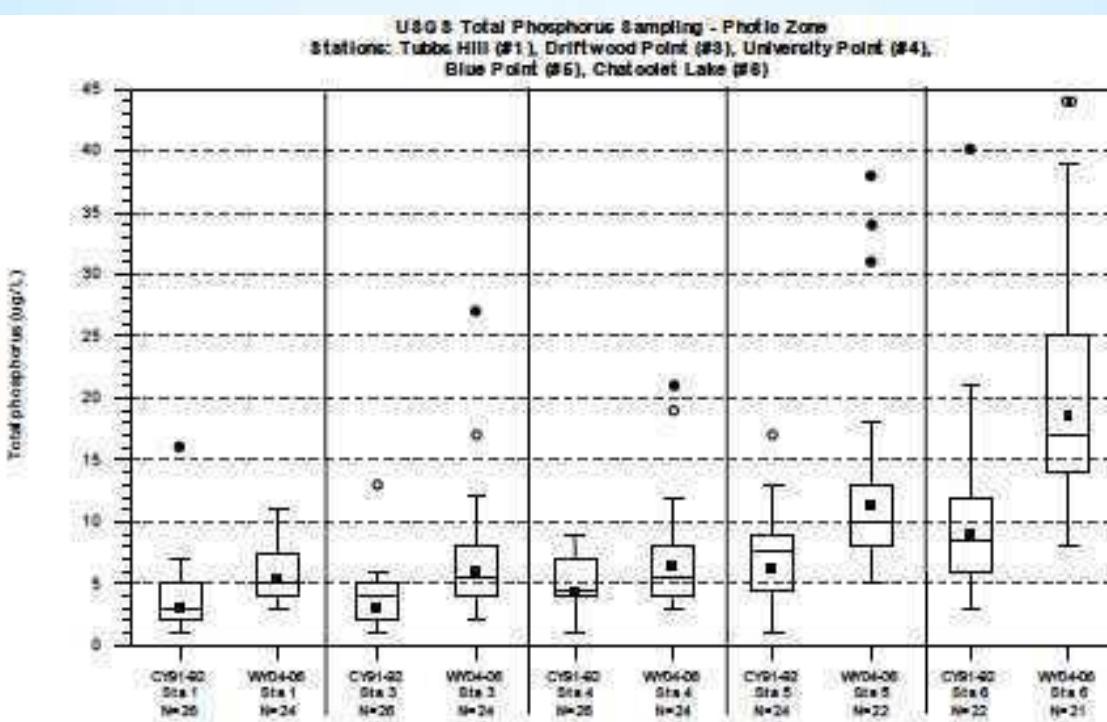
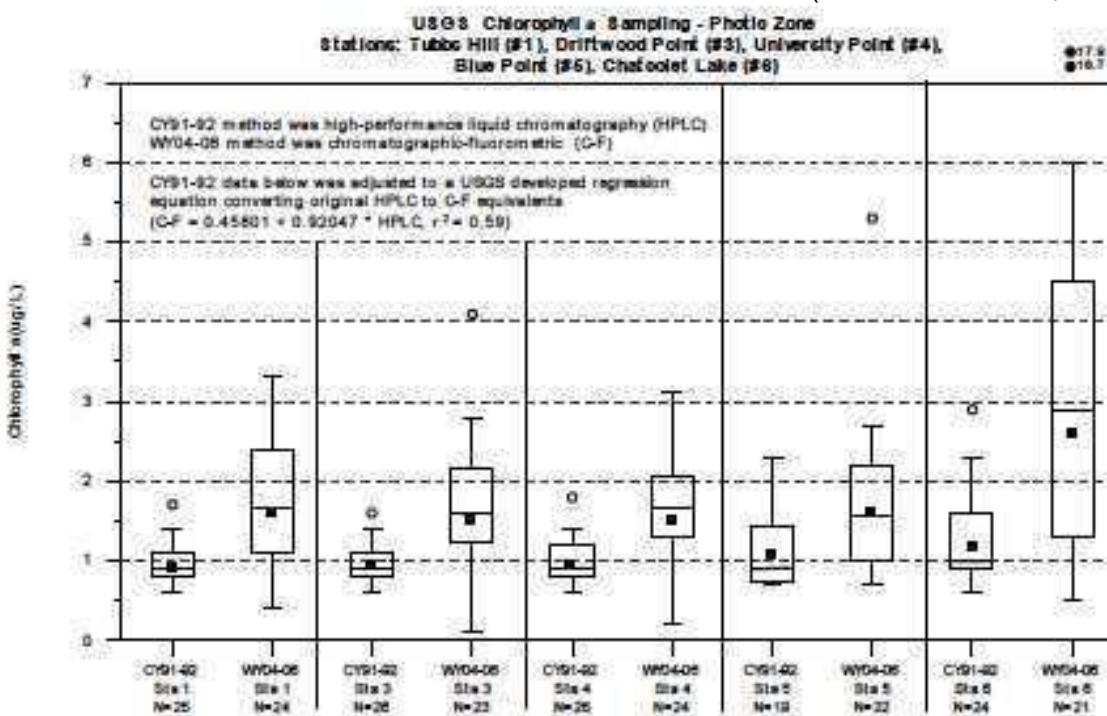
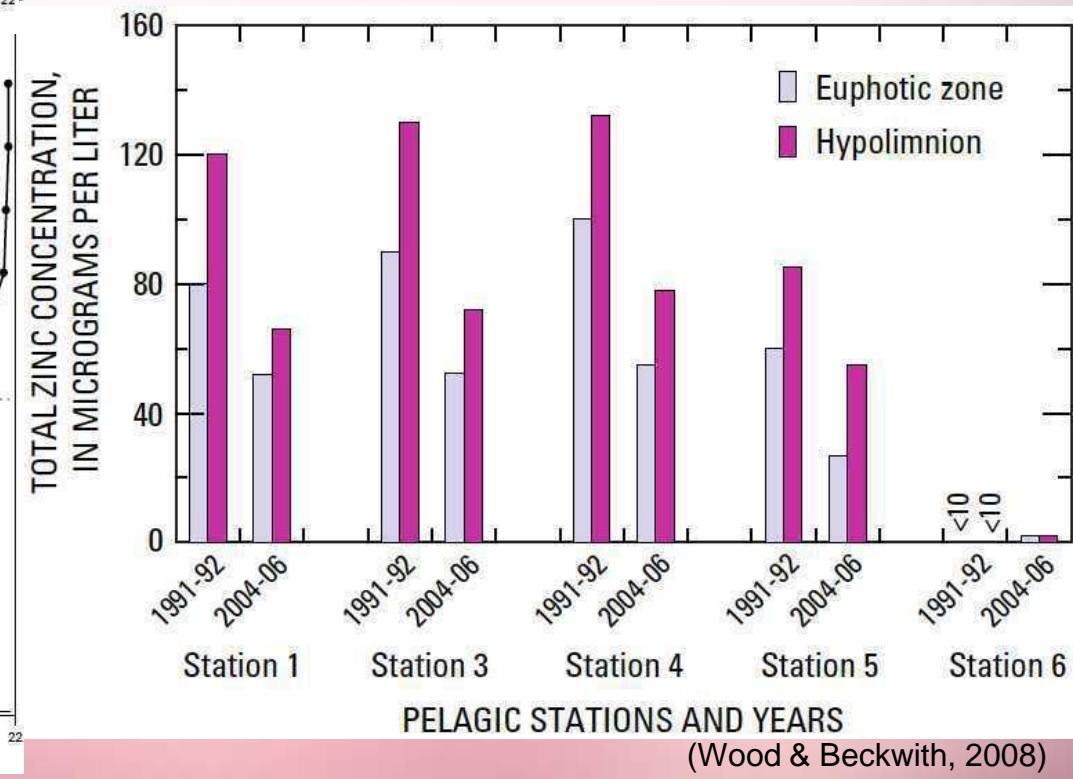
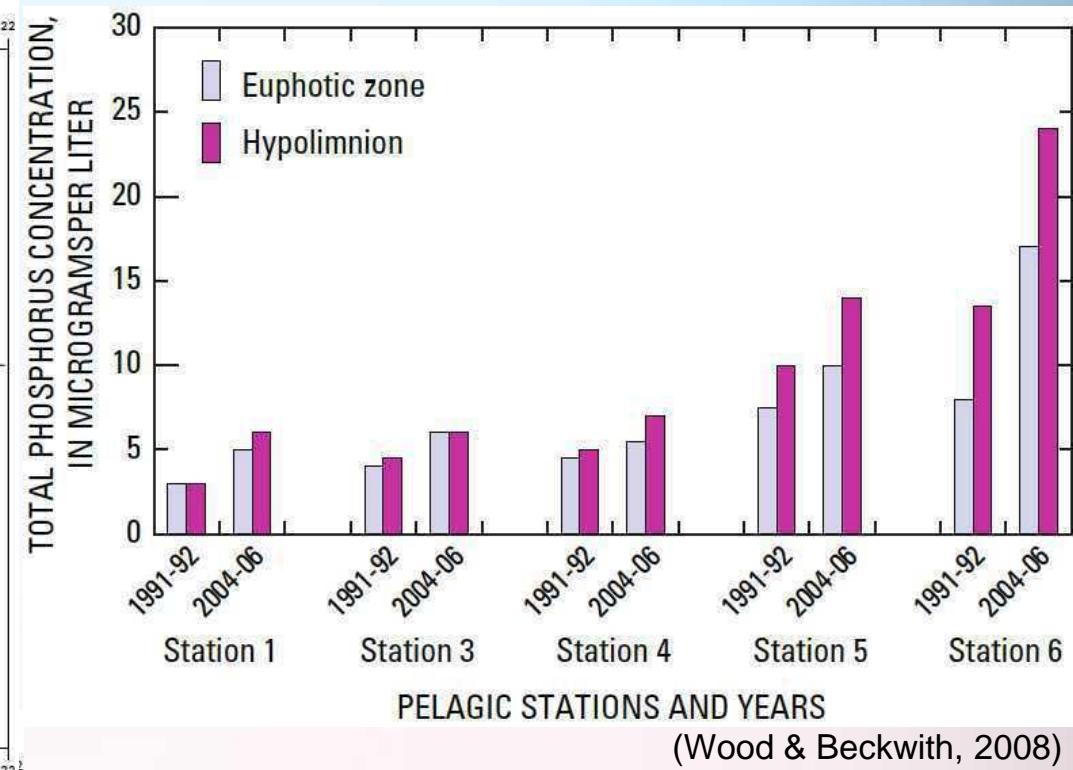
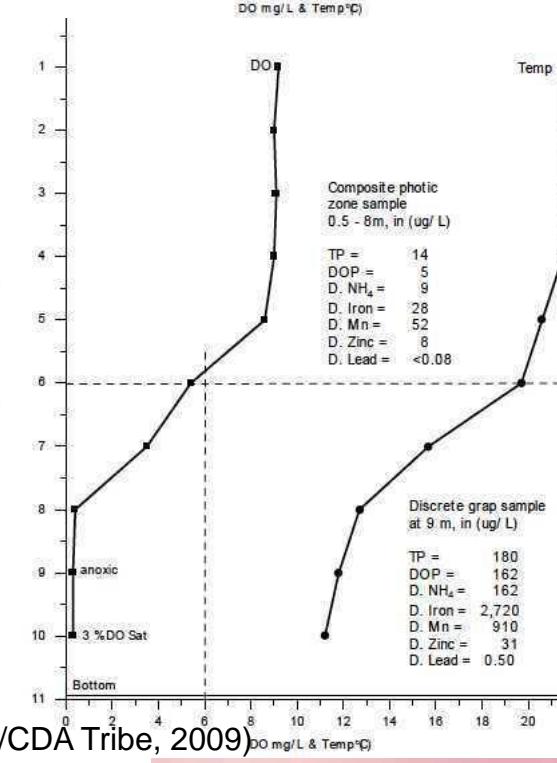
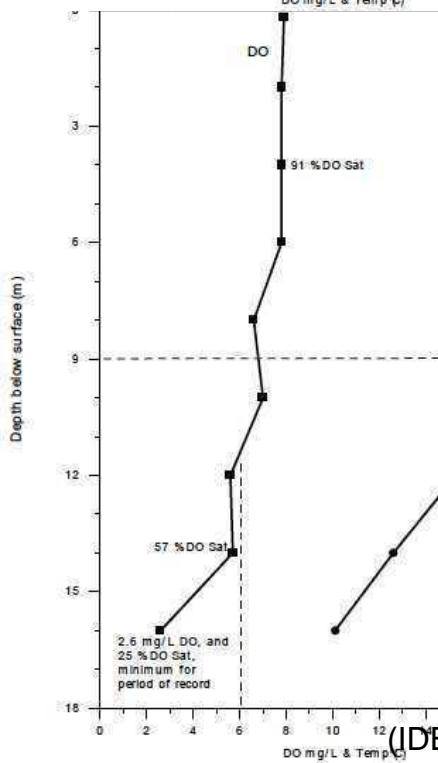
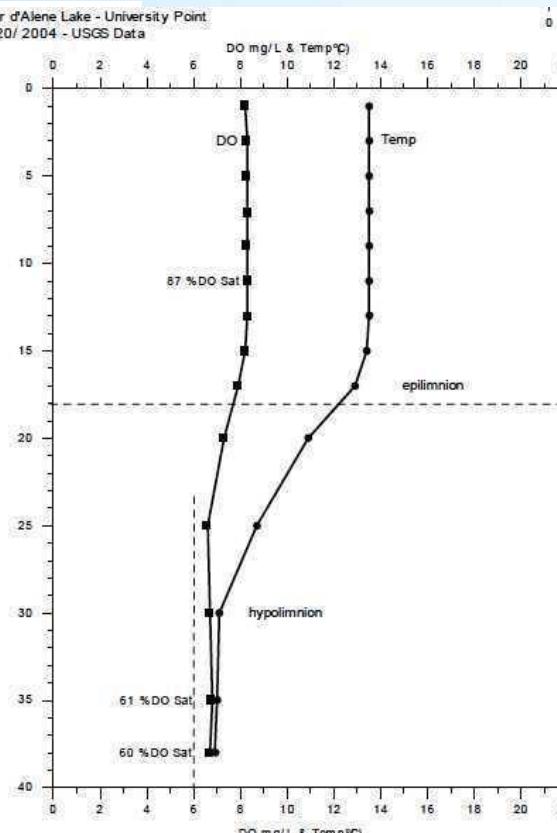
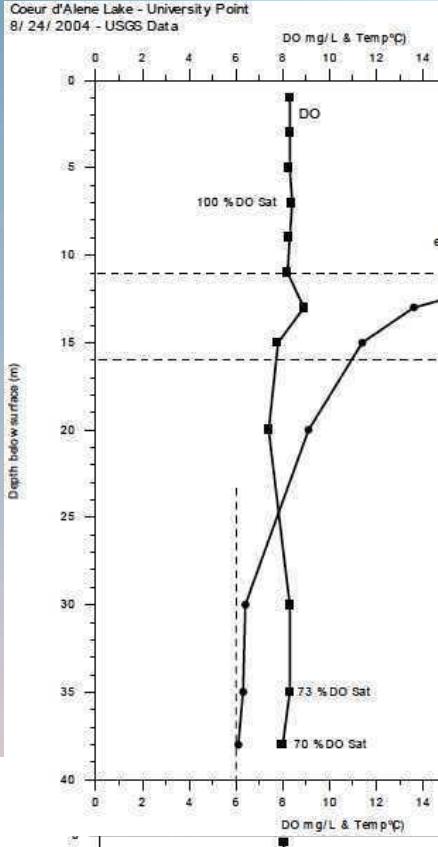
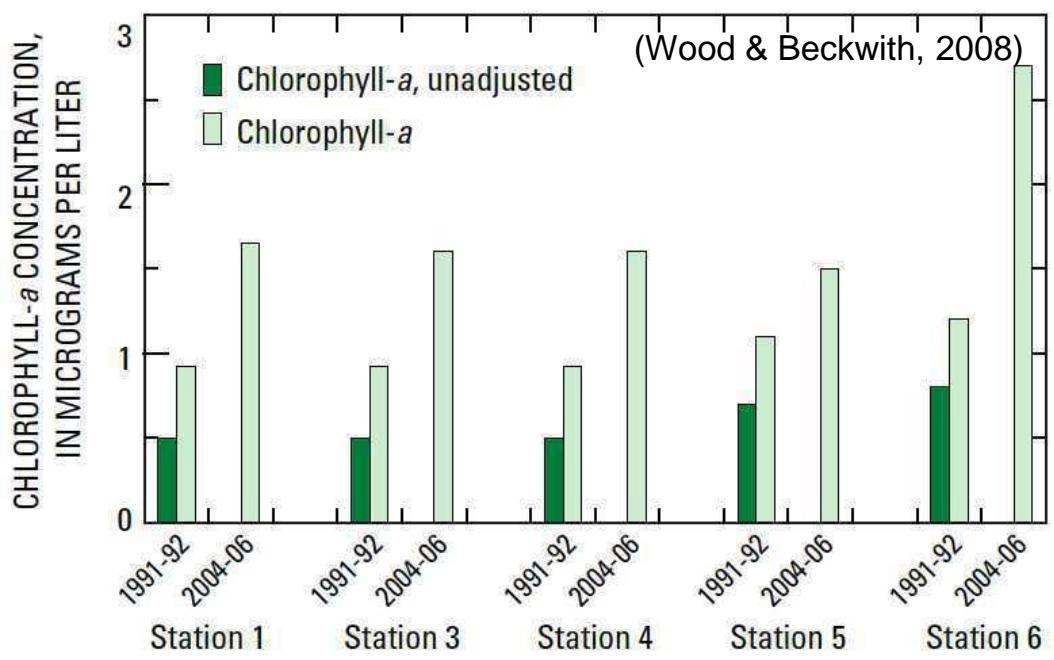


Figure A9. USGS photic zone data for total phosphorus at five pelagic sampling stations in Coeur d'Alene Lake. Data is compared between study periods CY91-92 and WY04-06.
(IDEQ/CDA Tribe, 2009)



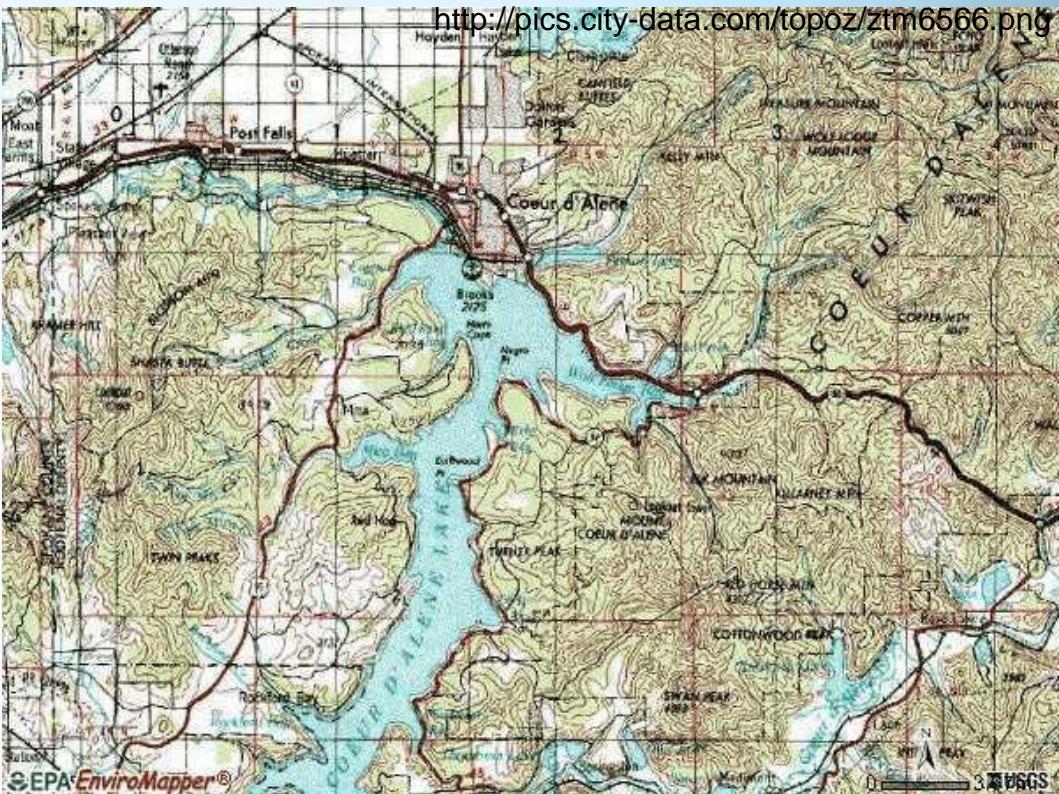
(IDEQ/CDA Tribe, 2009)



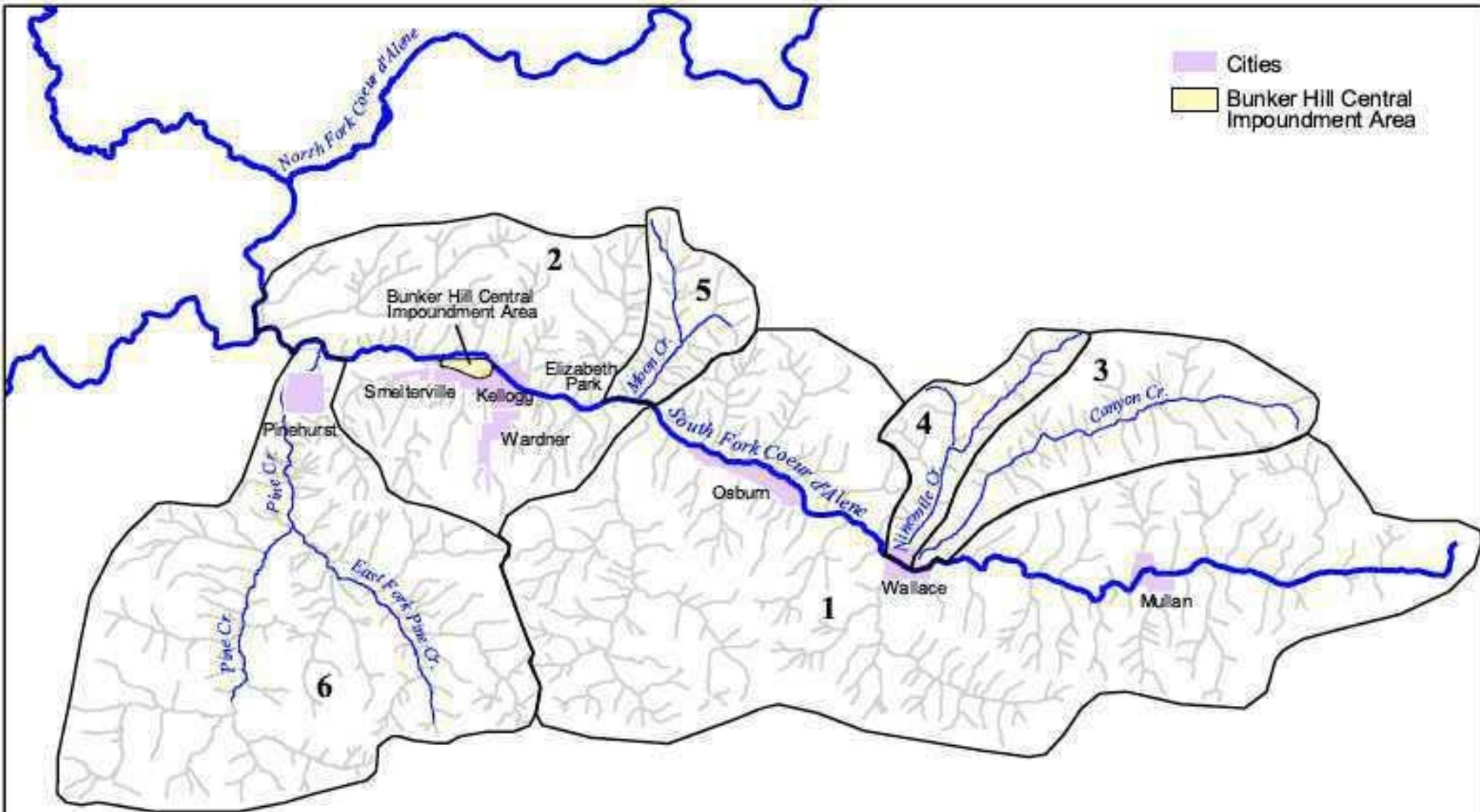


PELAGIC STATIONS AND YEARS

<http://www.coeurdalene.org/discover-cda/photo-gallery>



<http://kealliance.org/2012/09/06/toxic-blue-green-algae-in-six-lakes-this-summer/>



Watershed Boundaries

1. South Fork Coeur d'Alene and tributaries upstream of Elizabeth Park
2. South Fork Coeur d'Alene and tributaries downstream of Elizabeth Park
3. Canyon Creek watershed
4. Nine Mile Creek watershed
5. Moon Creek watershed
6. Pine Creek watershed



2 0 2 4 6 Kilometers

2 0 2 4 6 Miles

Table 5: Metal Concentration Comparison (µg/L)

Source	Zn (total)	Cd	Pb	Mn	Average/ Max Flow (gpm)	Average Zn Loading (lb/day)
Existing Influent (Kellogg Tunnel from Sept, Oct, Nov 2011 DMRs)	>100,000	>100	>400	>50,000	>1200	>1,400
Existing Discharge (avg. Sept, Oct, Nov 2011 DMRs)	197	4	10	13,250	1,300/5,000*	3 (>99.5 percent reduction)
Existing Discharge Limit (monthly avg.)	730	50	300	NS	-	-
Proposed Discharge Limit (monthly avg.)	244	2.8	85.2	81.9	-	-
SFCDR Water Quality at Kellogg (USGS 2006 SF-269 unfiltered median)	621	4.17	9.54	NA	50,000 min 72,0000 max ~200,000 avg	1492
SFCDR Sewer District Limits, (avg. monthly)	802	5.3	63	NS	3,000 (Page, Idaho WWTP)	-
OU2 Groundwater (avg.)	24,452	-	-	-	3,900/4,400	1146
OU3 Woodland Park, Osburn Drain, Gem #3	4,123	-	-	-	4,701/5,623	233
Other OU3 ROD Amendment H2O	2,543	-	-	-	7,602/11,538	232
Hecla Lucky Friday Mine NPDES Permit, Mullan (Discharge Limits)	71	0.7	30	NS	-	-

▶ Selected Stations: 751

**6 month Precipitation**

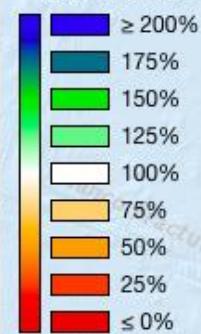
Percent of Official

Cascadia
Basin

Average

October 1, 2014 through

March 31, 2015



Change Color Set

NRCS Natural Resources
Conservation Service

Created 6-03-2015, 10:37 PM EDT

100 km

100 mi

▶ Selected Stations: 691

**Snow Water Equivalent
Records**

End of March, 2015

- █ Highest
- █ 2nd Highest
- █ 2nd Lowest
- █ Lowest

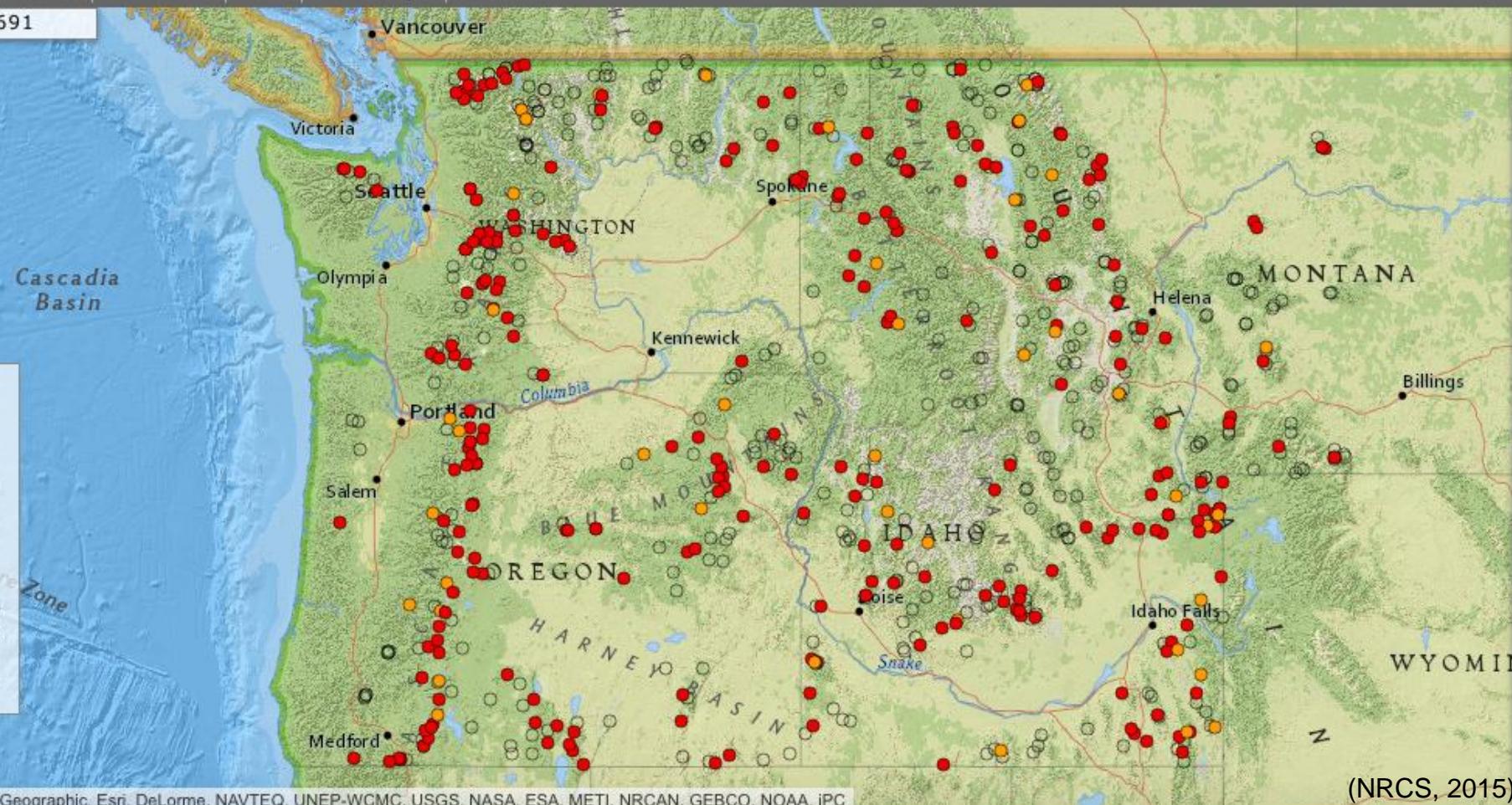
Change Color Set

Sites with less than 20 years of
data or low variability excluded**NRCS** Natural Resources
Conservation Service

Created 6-03-2015, 10:33 PM EDT

100 km

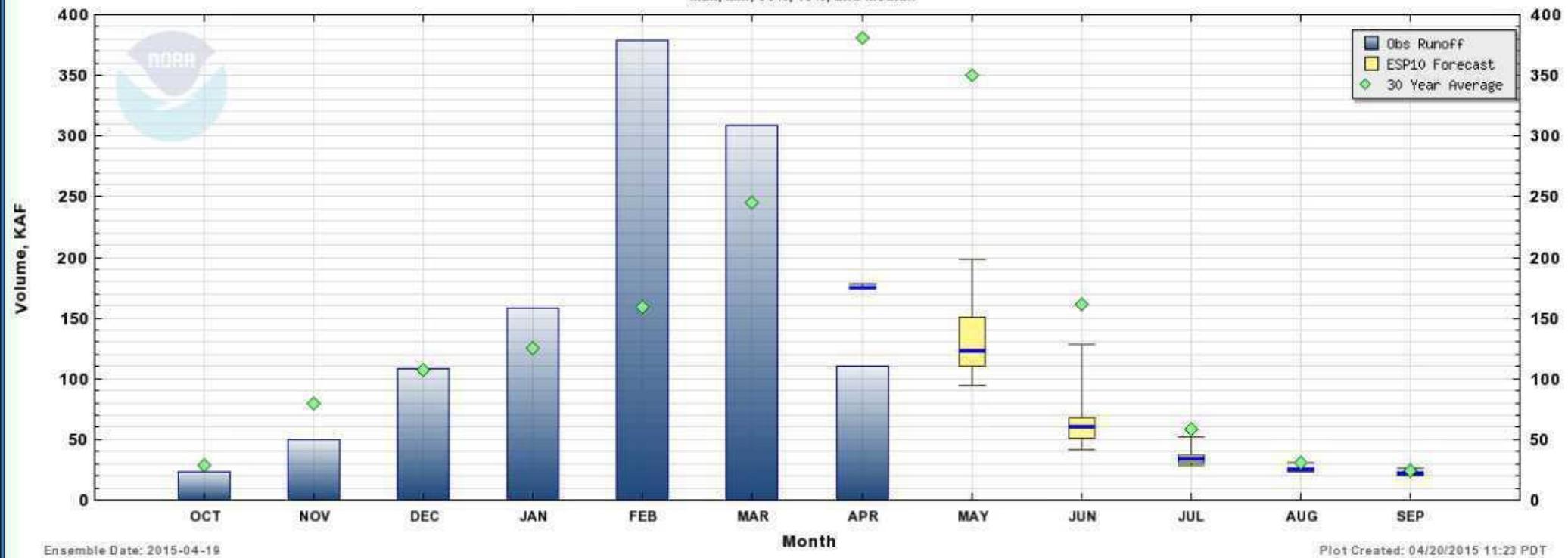
100 mi



Natural Volume Monthly Forecasts (ESP10) for Water Year 2015

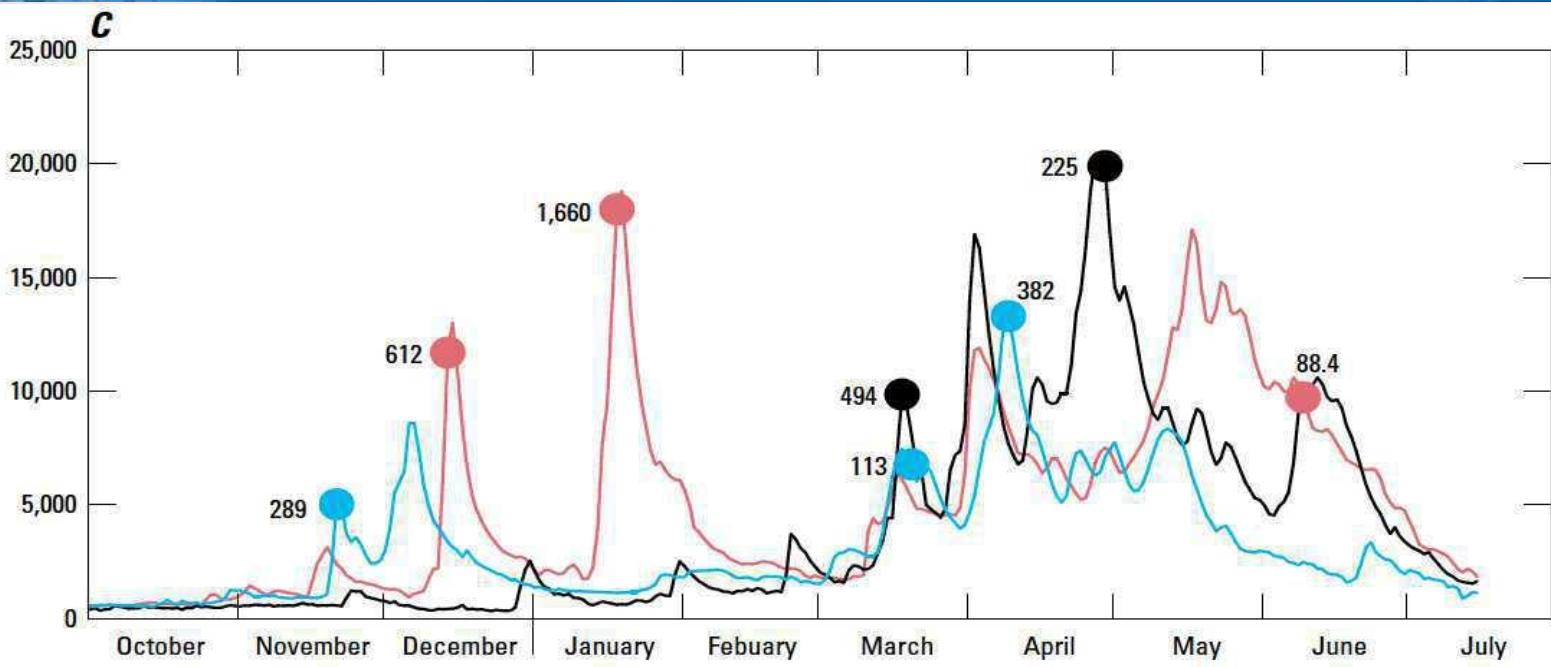
(CTLI1) COEUR D ALENE - AT CATALDO

Max, Min, 90%, 10%, and Median

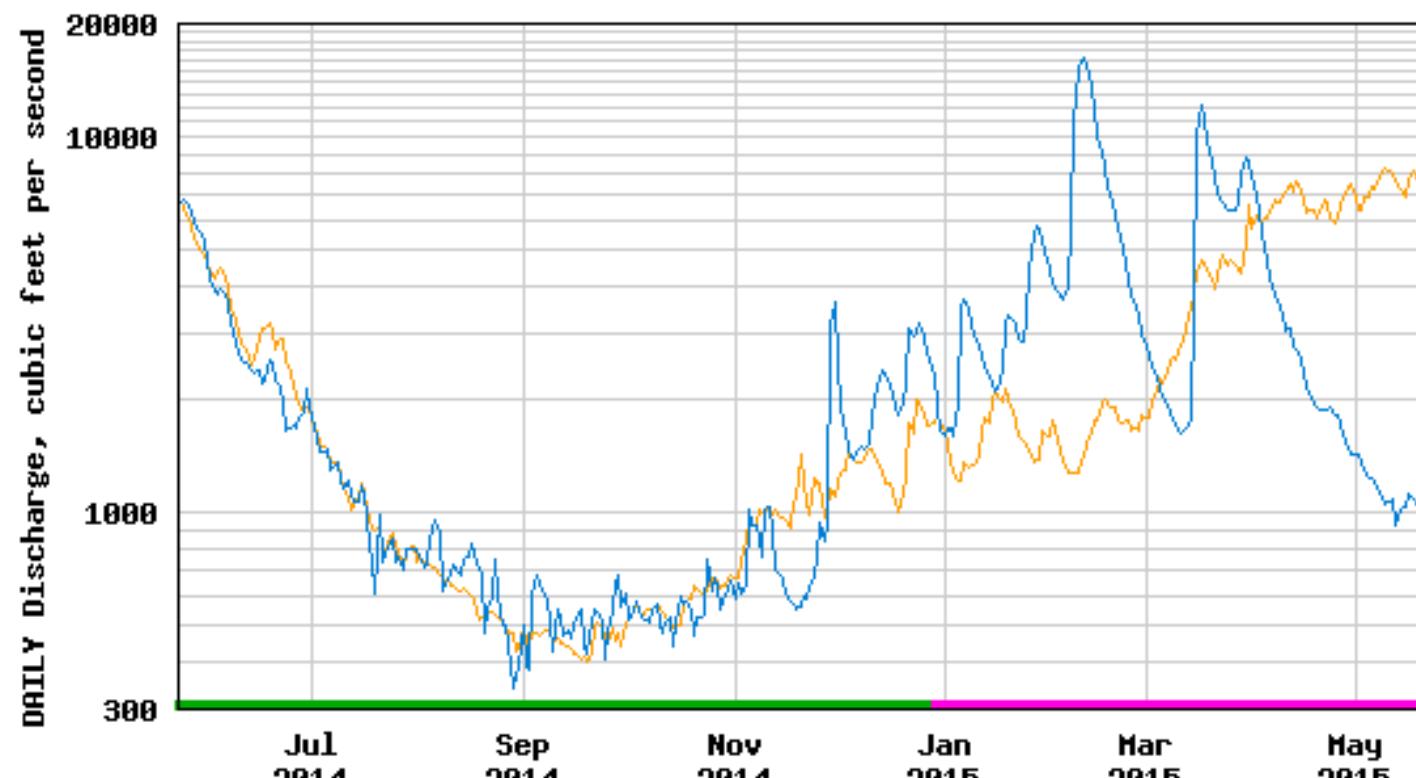


C

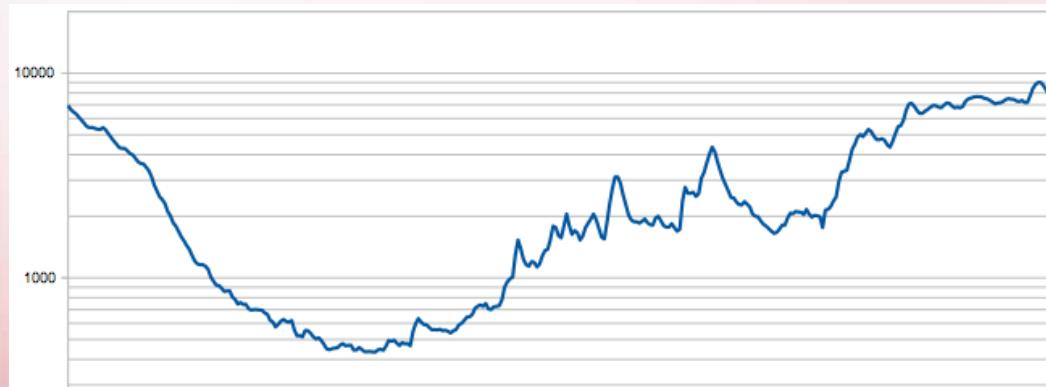
(Rowden, 2015)

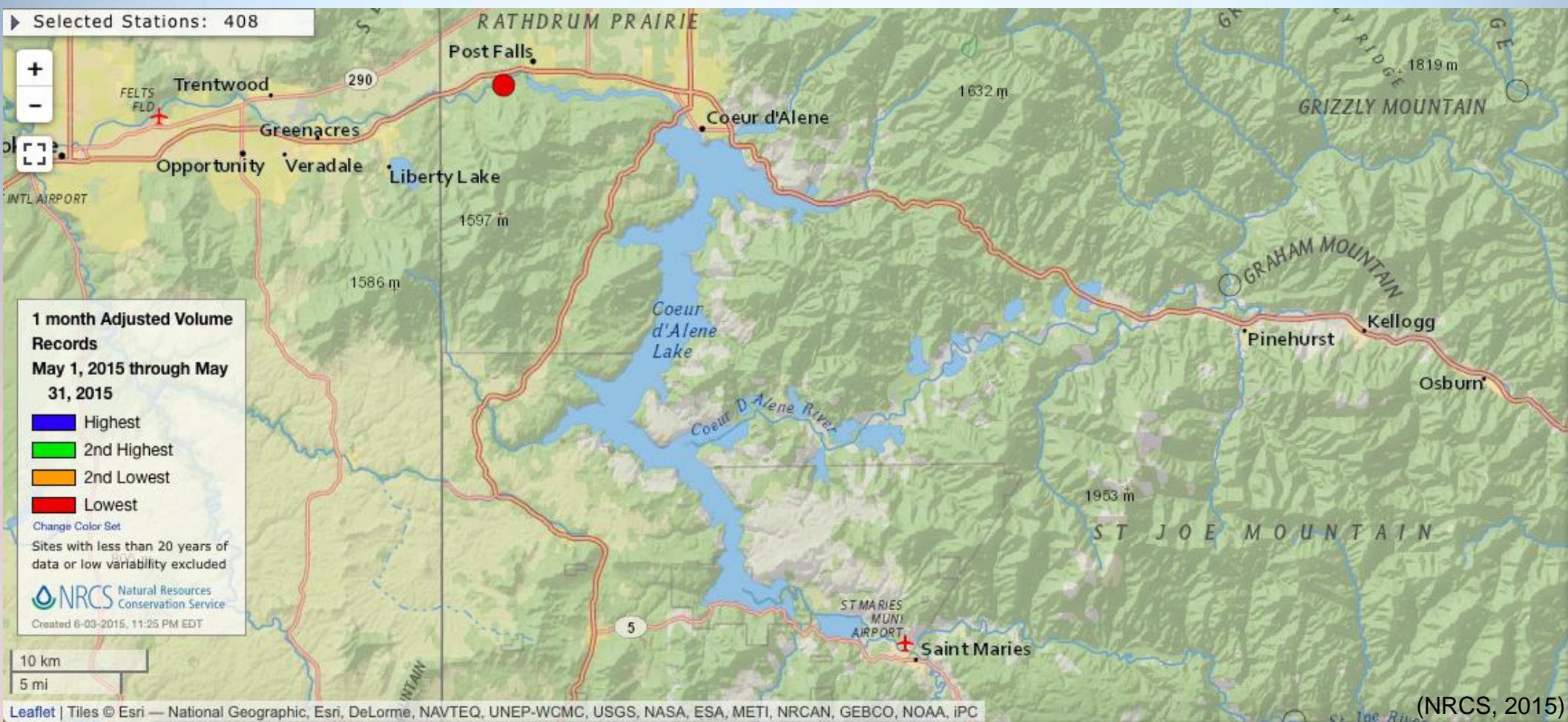


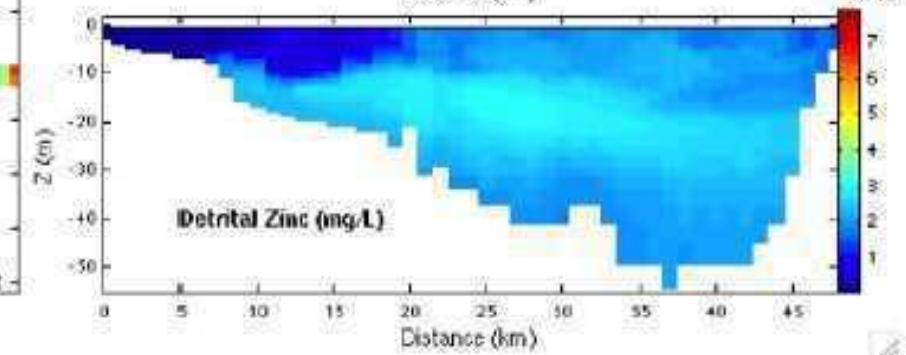
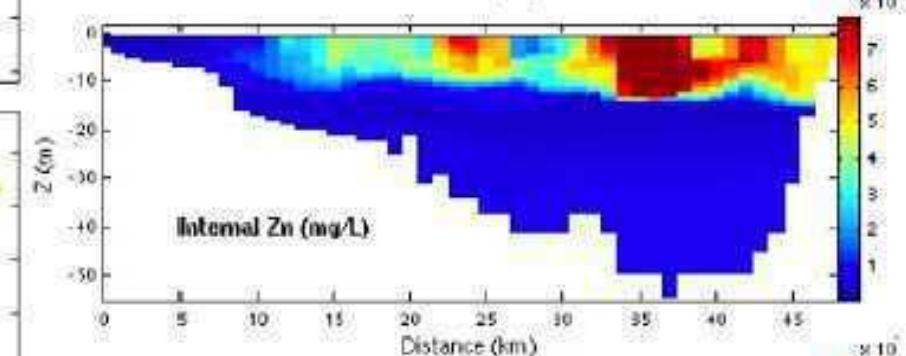
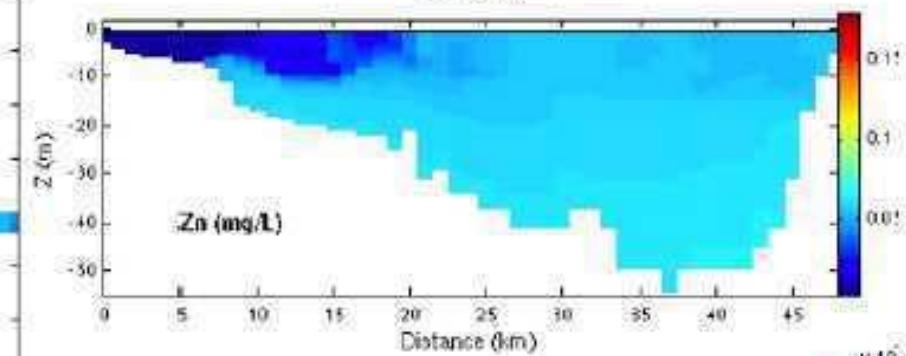
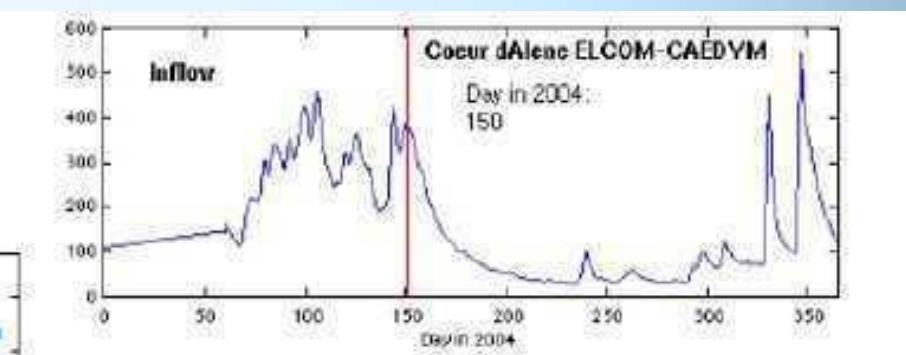
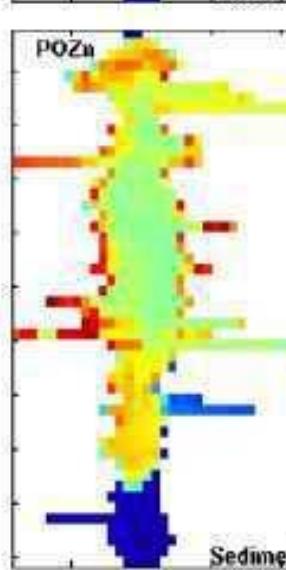
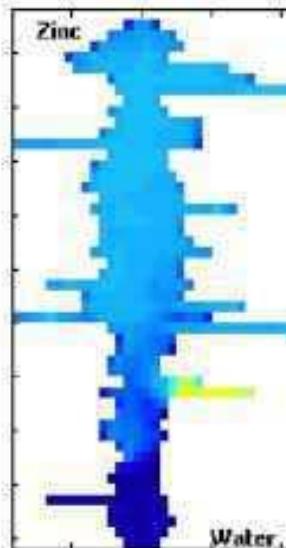
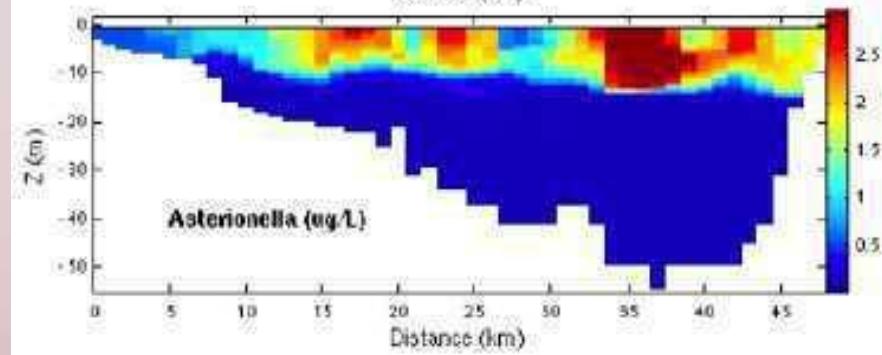
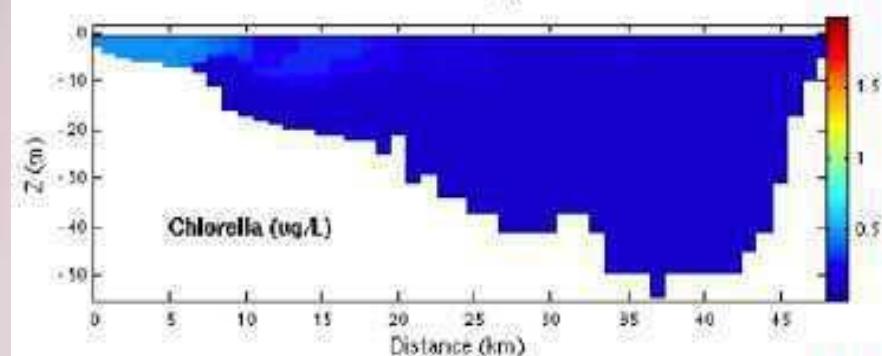
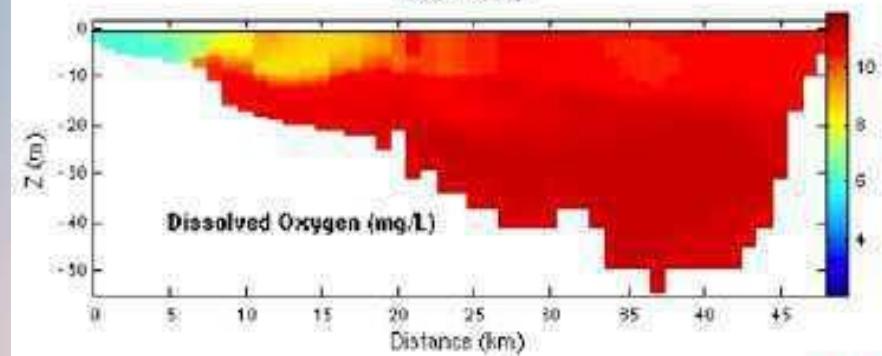
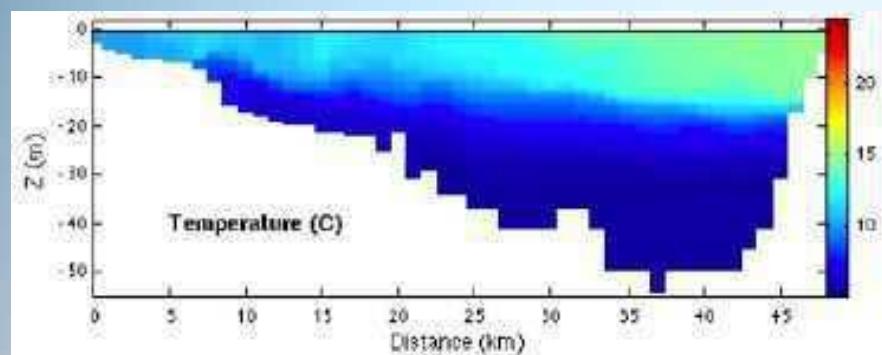
USGS 12413860 COEUR D ALENE RIVER NR HARRISON ID



— Median daily statistic (10 years) — Period of approved data
— Daily mean discharge — Period of provisional data
(USGS, 2015)







(Hipsey et al, 2007)

Participatory?



<https://www.senioradvisor.com/local/north-star-coeur-d-alene-id>

Next Steps

- I. Further understanding of geochemistry and sulfate-reducing bacteria in CDA Lake and River sediments.
- II. Further understanding of cyanophyta and other phytoplankton relationship with dissolved zinc, and phosphorus in CDA Lake.
- III. Further understanding of stratification, dissolved oxygen, and depth effects on processes listed above.
- IV. Collect and review data for WY 2015 and other low-SWE year data available to further understanding of potential climate change impacts to CDA systems.

Dissertation Research

- I. Connect with a diverse group of stakeholders invested in the future of the CDA Lake, either personally or professionally.
- II. Use knowledge and resources gained through preliminary CDA work to facilitate participatory model-building with the stakeholders.
- III. Build trust, confidence, capacity, communication, and understanding in the development of a system dynamics modeling tool for CDA decision making.
- IV. Convert the model into an online format that is accessible to the public and can be manipulated by the user to apply strategies and view scenarios.

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Spaghetti Diagram

